

COPY OF SECTION 7 OF THE TRADE BOARDS ACT, 1909.

Section 7.—(1) Where any minimum rate of wages has been fixed by a Trade Board, but is not for the time being obligatory under an order of the Board of Trade made in pursuance of this Act, the minimum rate shall, unless the Board of Trade direct to the contrary in any case in which they have directed the Trade Board to reconsider the rate, have a limited operation as follows:—

- (a) In all cases to which the minimum rate is applicable an employer shall, in the absence of a written agreement to the contrary, pay to the person employed wages at not less than the minimum rate, and in the absence of any such agreement, the person employed may recover wages at such a rate from the employer;
- (b) Any employer may give written notice to the Trade Board by whom the minimum rate has been fixed that he is willing that that rate should be obligatory on him, and in that case he shall be under the same obligation to pay wages to the person employed at not less than the minimum rate, and be liable to the same fine for not doing so, as he would be if an order of the Board of Trade were in force making the rate obligatory; and
- (c) No contract involving employment to which the minimum rate is applicable shall be given by a Government department or local authority to any employer unless he has given notice to the Trade Board in accordance with the foregoing provision;

Provided that in case of any public emergency the Board of Trade may by order, to the extent and during the period named in the order, suspend the operation of this provision as respects contracts for any such work being done or to be done on behalf of the Crown as is specified in the order.

(2) A Trade Board shall keep a register of any notices given under this section:

The register shall be open to public inspection without payment of any fee, and shall be evidence of the matters stated therein:

Any copy purporting to be certified by the Secretary of the Trade Board or any officer of the Trade Board authorised for the purpose to be a true copy of any entry in the register shall be admissible in evidence without further proof.

15961: 1914 t Union.

Local Government Board, Dublin.

27th March, 1914.

The Local Government Board for Ireland have had before them the Minutes of Proceedings of the Board of Guardians of Gort Union on the 21st instant, containing an entry of a Report from the Master of the Workhouse in which he recommends that the Guardians should advertise for a tailor as the supply of men's clothing was running short; and with reference thereto the Board request that they may be informed what action the Guardians propose to take in connection with this matter.

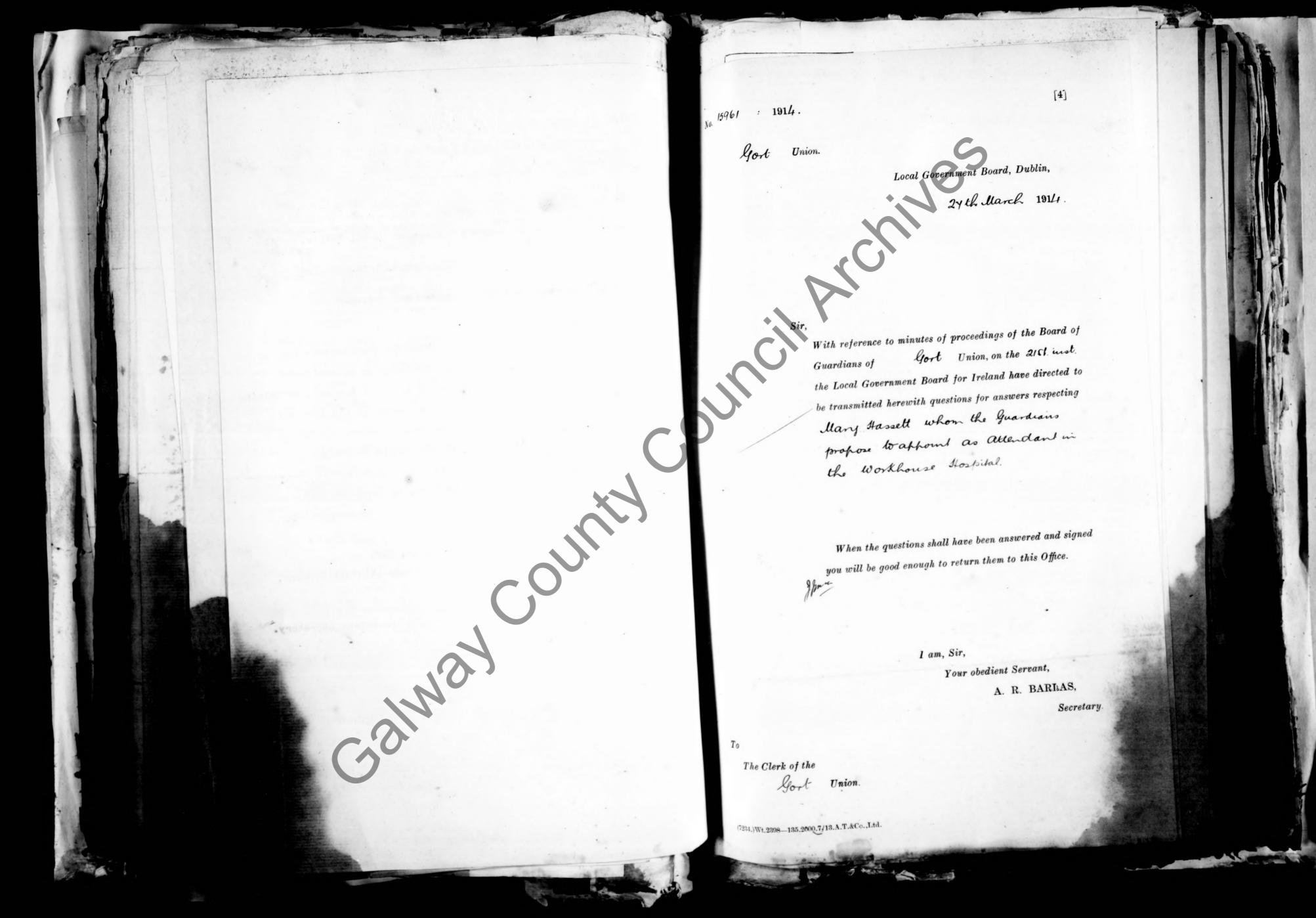
I am, Sir,

Your obedient Servant,

Assistant Secretary.

The Clerk, Gort Union.

4. 1000. 3. 1914.-A. T. & Co. Ltd.



correspondents are requested-Sir,

I am

Irela

o Calmay Gort Union.

To quote the number and date of each letter to which they reply.

To let communications on different subjects form separate letters; and

Local Government Board, Dublin.

I am directed by the Local Government Board for Ireland to return the accompanying set of replies to queries respecting Sister Mary Xavier Doyle to whom the Board of Guardians of Gort Union propose to grant a superannuation allowance in consideration of her services as Matron of the Workhouse; and to point out that the sum of £6: 13: 4 for attendance entered at "A" in the detailed statement of "other emoluments" on page 2 of the query form cannot be taken into account for the purpose of calculating the amount of the superannuation allowance. I am therefore to request that you will be so good as to amend the replies to queries accordingly and to retransmit the form to this Department.

I am,

Sir,

Your obedient Servant,

Miscellaneous. Colluin The Clerk

Local Government

Local Government I am directed by the Local Government Board for Ireland to forward to you accompanying forms, and to request that you will be so good as to furnish them a return of the names, &c., of the officers employed by the Rural District ouncil, as indicated in the forms.

The return is required for the purpose of record in this office, and it should be forwarded, in duplicate, without delay.

I am,

SIR,

Your obedient Servant,

A. R. BARLAS,

Secretary.

of each Rural District Council.

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nondents are requestedsir,
Adve go quote the number and date of each letter to which they reply. let communications on different subjects form separate letters; and ddress all letters on official LEGRAPHIC ADDRESS: No 15962:1914. Gort Union. Residence in the Union. I am, The Clerk, Gort Union.

Local Government Board, Dublin.

Adverting to Minutes of Proceedings of the Board of Guardians of Gort Union on the 21st ultimo, I am directed by the Local Government Board for Ireland to request that they may be furnished with a copy of the specification of the repairs proposed to be carried out at the Ardrahan Dispensary

Sir, Your obedient Servant,

30/M./1914. Miscellaneous.

Local Government Board,

Dublin, 1st April, 1914.

I am directed by the Local Government Board for Ireland to transmit the accompanying Form (Summary of the Invoices of the Medicines and Medical and Surgical Appliances) in which should be entered the sums charged to the Guardians of the Union in respect of Medicines and Medical and Surgical Appliances, and the repair of such Appliances, so far as the same were delivered during the half-year ended the 31st March, 1914, and which have been actually paid for by the Guardians prior to or at the date of furnishing the Summary to this Department.

The original combined forms of requisition, invoice, &c., relating thereto, should accompany one copy of the Summary as vouchers.

The number of persons who received treatment in each Dispensary District, in the Workhouse Hospital, and in the Fever Hospital, during the half-year ended the 31st March, 1914, should be entered in the place set apart for this purpose in the Summary.

I am, Sir,

Your obedient Servant,

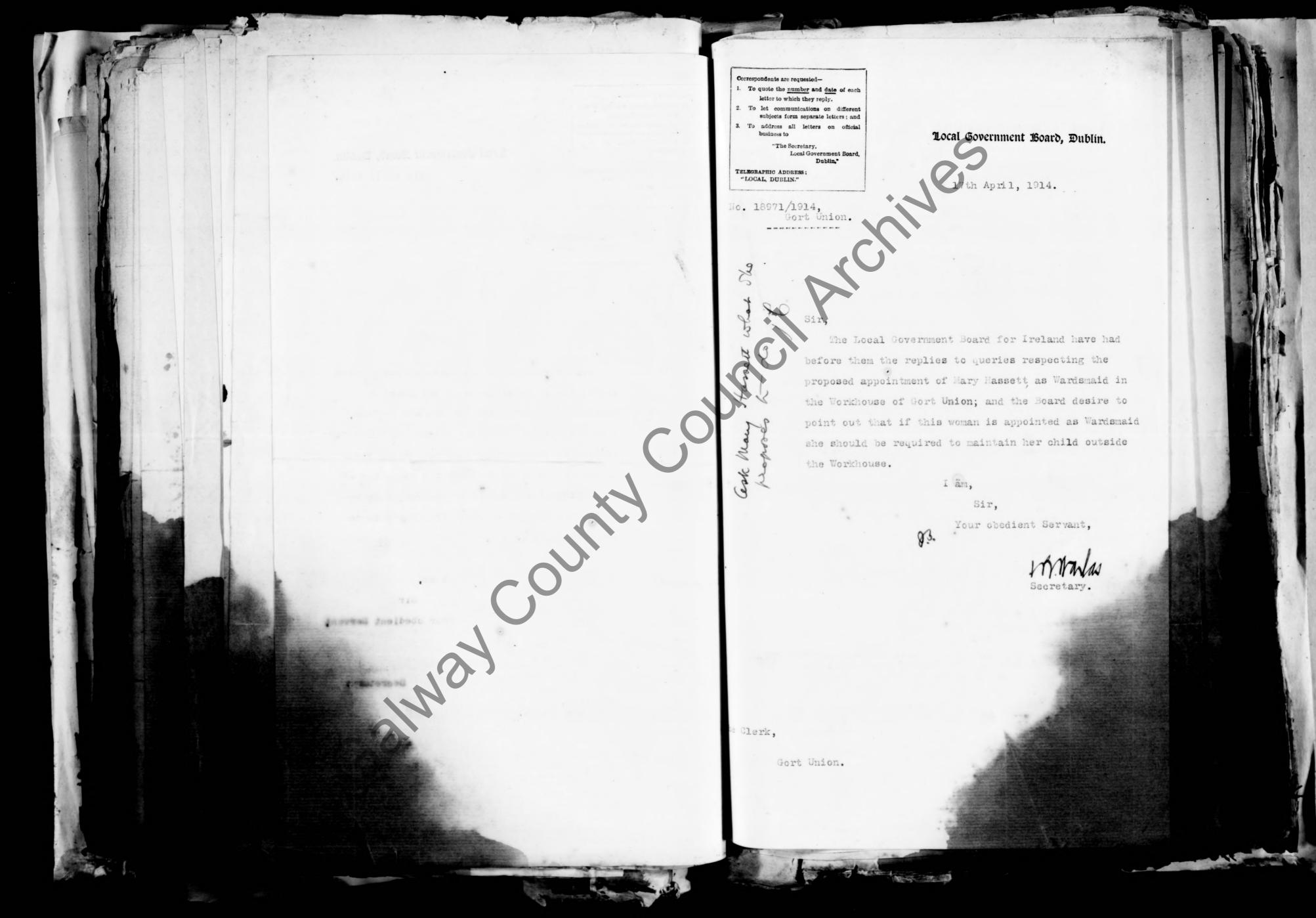
A. R. BARLAS,

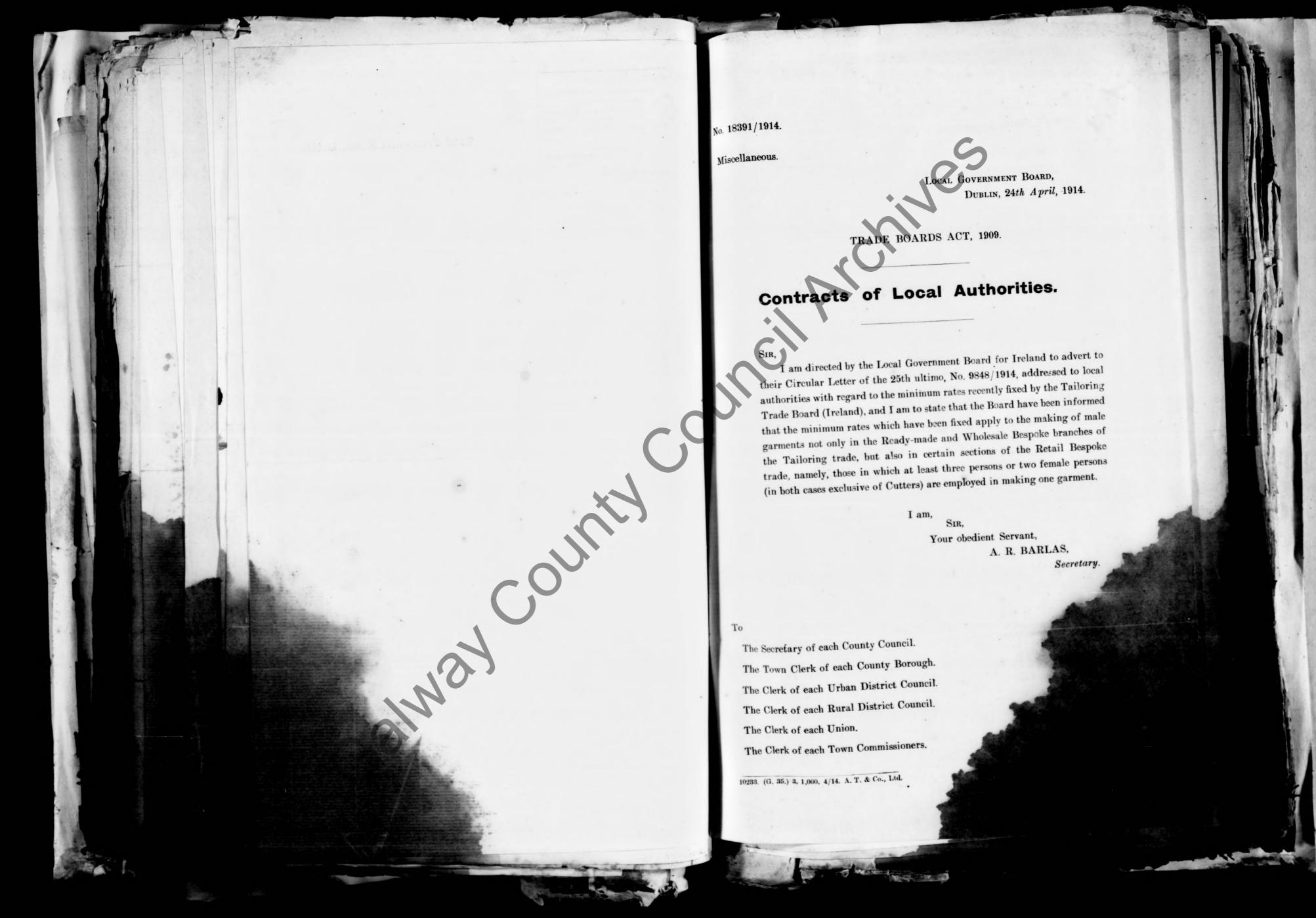
The Clerk of each Union.

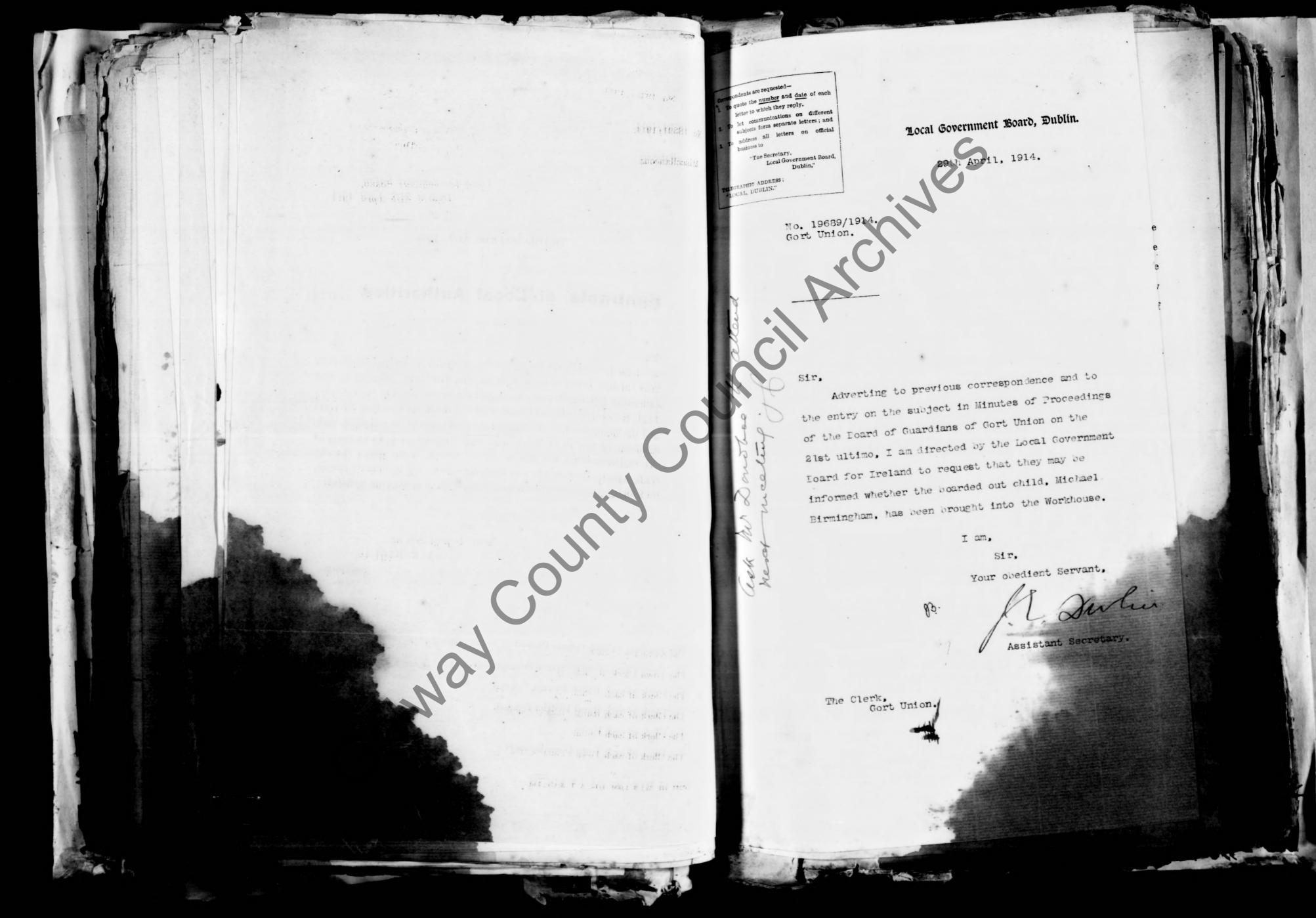
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annual emoluments of the said Office at the time of the resignation of the said lister Mary

Correspondents are requested-To quote the number and date of each letter to which they reply. To let communications on different subjects form separate letters; and To address all letters on official Local Government Board, Dublin. business to "The Secretary, 17th April 1914. Local Government Board, Dublin," TELEGRAPHIC ADDRESS; No. 18659/1914. Gort Union. With reference to the entry on the subject in Minutes of Proceedings of the Board of Guardians of Gort Union on the 4th instant, I am directed by the Local Government Board for Ireland to request that they may be informed of the arrangements made for the discharge of the duties of the Master of the Workhouse during his absence on leave from the 10th to the 14th instant. (35 I am, Sir Your obedient Servant The Clerk, Gort Union.



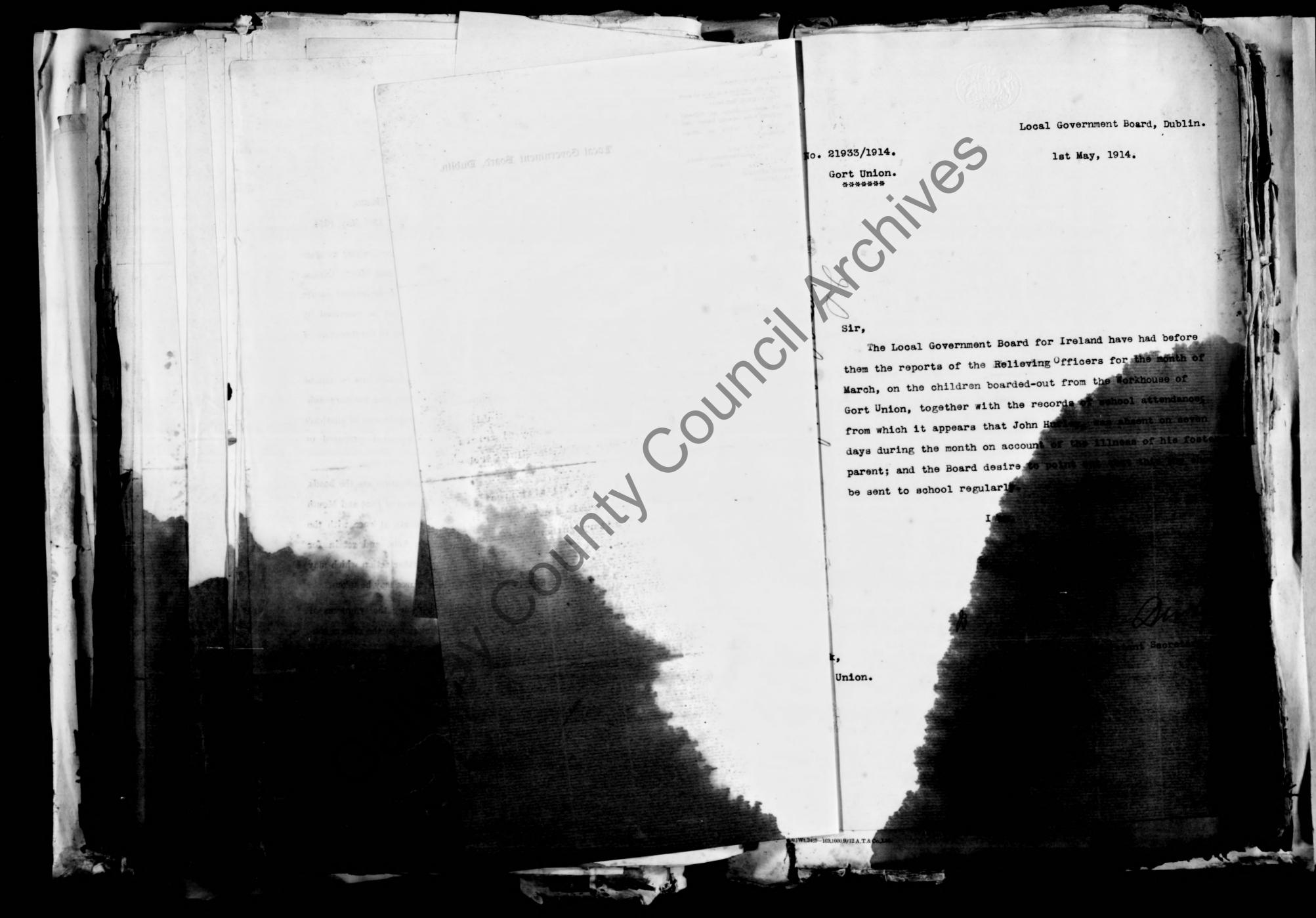




CIRCULAR. No. 83 M.—1914. LOCAL GOVERNMENT BOARD, Miscellaneous. Dublin, 15th May, 1914. SIR, I am directed by the Local Government Board for Ireland to state that having regard to the extensive outbreak of Foot and Mouth Disease in this country they think it very desirable, in view of the serious nature of the disease, that specially strict supervision should be exercised by Sanitary Authorities over the meat supply with a view to the detection of meat or offal showing signs of the disease. The Board think it would be well for Sanitary Authorities to request that Medical Officers of Health, Veterinary Inspectors, and Sanitary Sub-Officers should exercise the strictest vigilance in the supervision of abattoirs and slaughter-houses and places where meat is deposited, prepared or exposed for sale, and of imported meats. The parts which require specially careful examination are the heads, tongues and feet. Whenever lesions or signs suspicious of Foot and Mouth Disease are discovered the officer should communicate at once with the Local Authority under the Diseases of Animals Acts, and retain for inspection the suspected parts in order that any further action which may be considered necessary to trace the disease to its source may be taken Copies of this circular and of a leaflet describing the symptoms of Foot and Mouth Disease are enclosed for transmiss cerned, and the Board will be glad to been taken. Each Executive Sanitary Officer in Ireland. 33. (G. 43.) 3, 2,000. 5/14. A. T. &

FOOT-AND-MOUTH DISEASE. SYMPTOMS. In the early stages of the disease the animal is lame and frequently smacks its lips, and shows by the movement of its tongue that the mouth is the seat of suffering; and the saliva flows freely from the mouth. An examination of the mouth shows the existence of vesicles on the tongue and on the inner part of the upper lip and on the pad. These vesicles show themselves in the form of a tough white skin, which can be easily stripped off, and a red, raw surface is found beneath. The animal seldom refuses food, but rolls it about in its mouth, and often drops it instead of swallowing it. In most instances the feet are affected as well as the mouth, and blisters will form between the toes and on the heels between hair and hoof, causing the animal to walk tenderly, and frequently to catch up one foot after the other and shake it, as if to dislodge something which was producing pain. In milch cows the teats may be affected with vesicles, especially at the opening of the milk duct. This often leads to sores and crusts being formed, which prevent the ready flow of the milk. The disease frequently exists simultaneously among the cattle, sheep, and pigs of the farm. 10334. (G. 43). 3, 2,000. 5. 1914. A. T. & Co., Ltd.

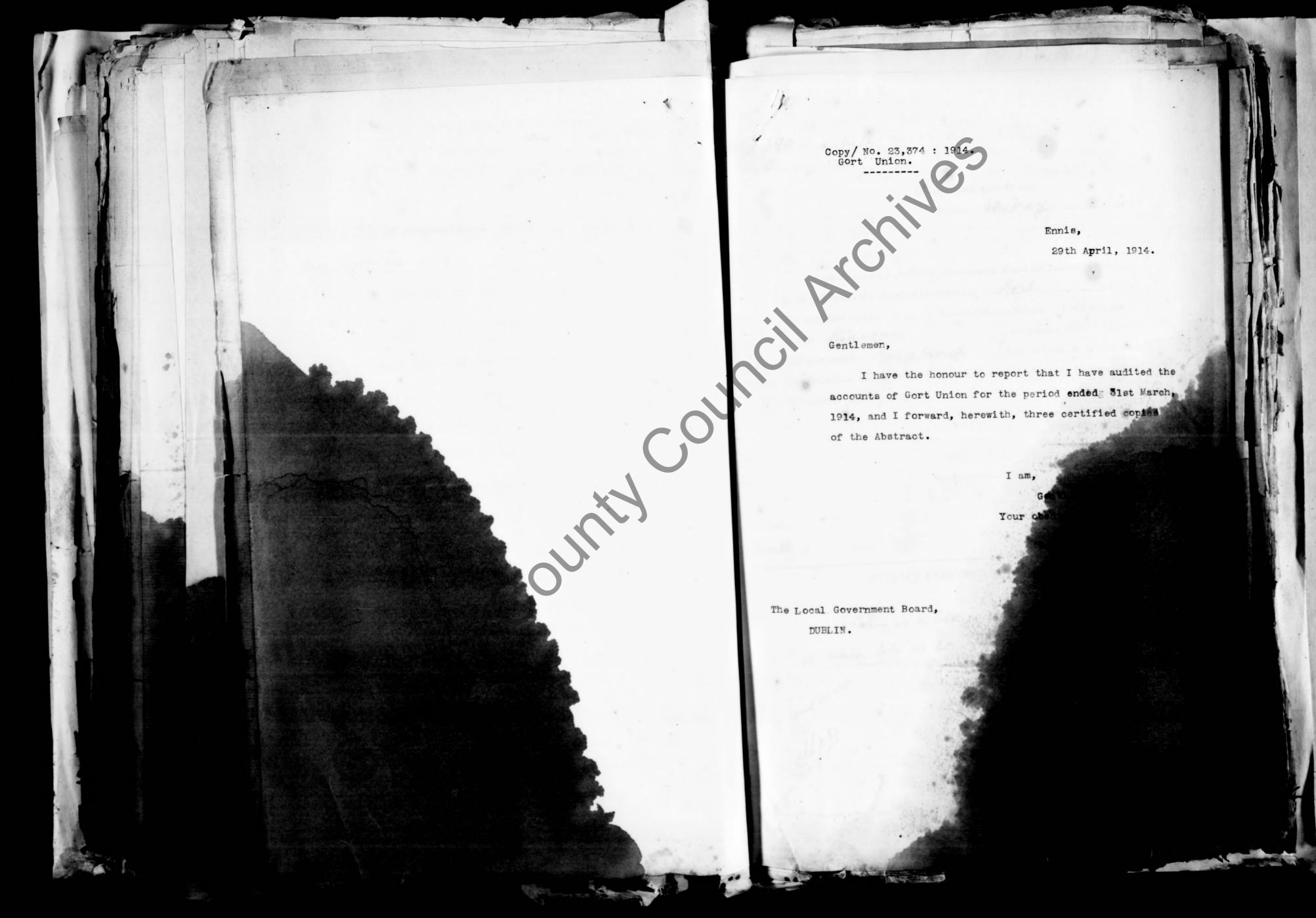
To quote the number and date of each letter to which they reply. To let communications on different subjects form separate letters; and Local Government Board, Dublin. 22nd May, 1914. Dublin," TELEGRAPHIC ADDRESS; "LOCAL, DUBLIN." No. 27,376 : 1914. Gort Rural District The Local Government Board for Ireland are in receipt of Minutes of Proceedings of the Gort Rural District Council on the 16th instant containing an entry of their letter of the 11th idem, forwarding extracts from the reports, Forms L, furnished by the Medical Officers of Health of the several Dispensary Districts of Gort Union, for the half-year ended the 31st March last, and, in connection with the order made thereon, the Board will be obliged if the Council will specify, for their information the considerable improvements which have been made by the Sanitary Authority in the sanitation of Gort and Kinvarra. I am Clerk, tural District Council, GORT.

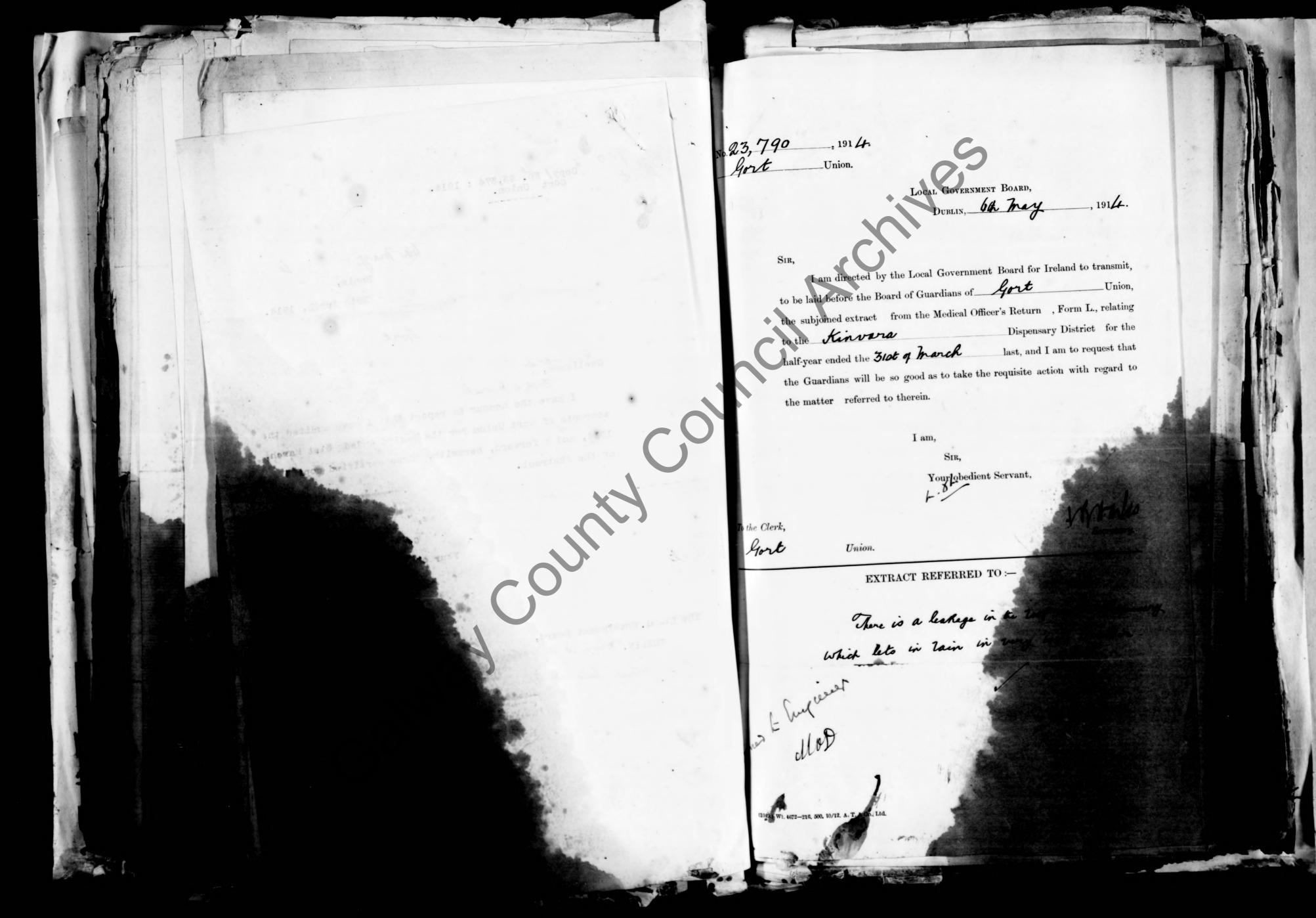


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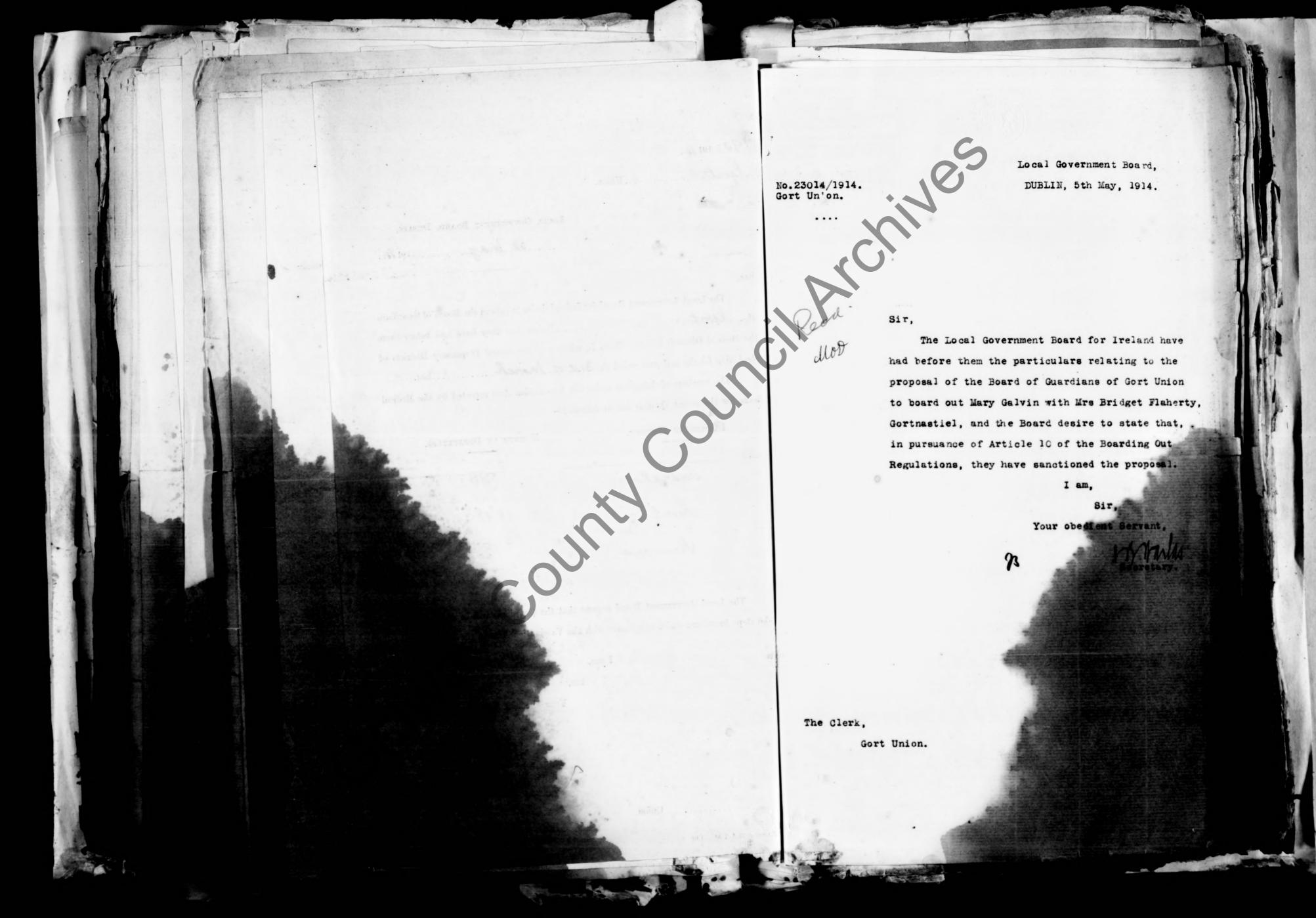
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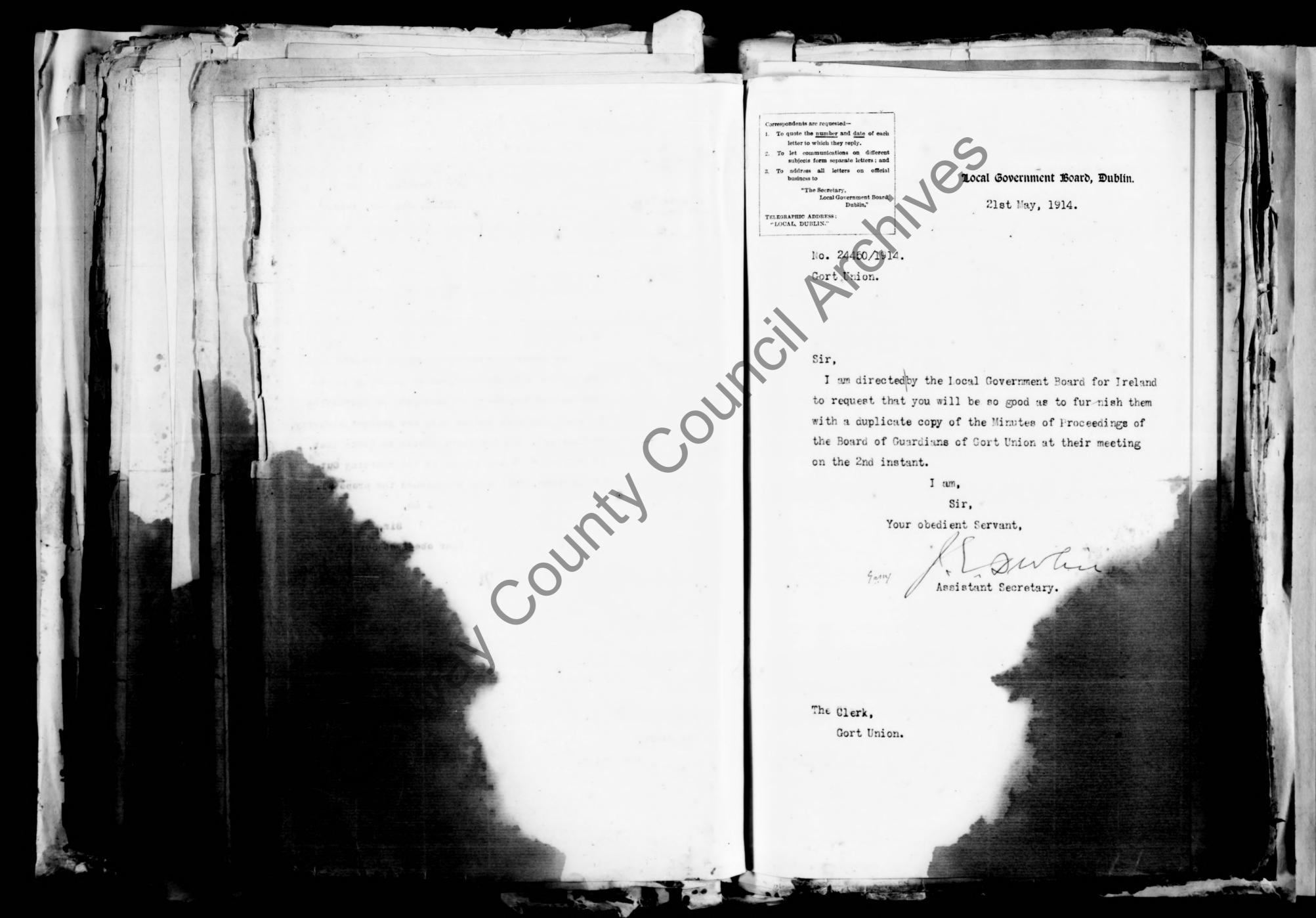
I am
forward LOCAL GOVERNMENT BOARD, Dublin, Ist May 19/4. I am directed by the Local Government Board for Ireland to forward herewith, for the information of the Board of Union, a c Auditor on his Audit of their accounts 31st march The Clerk

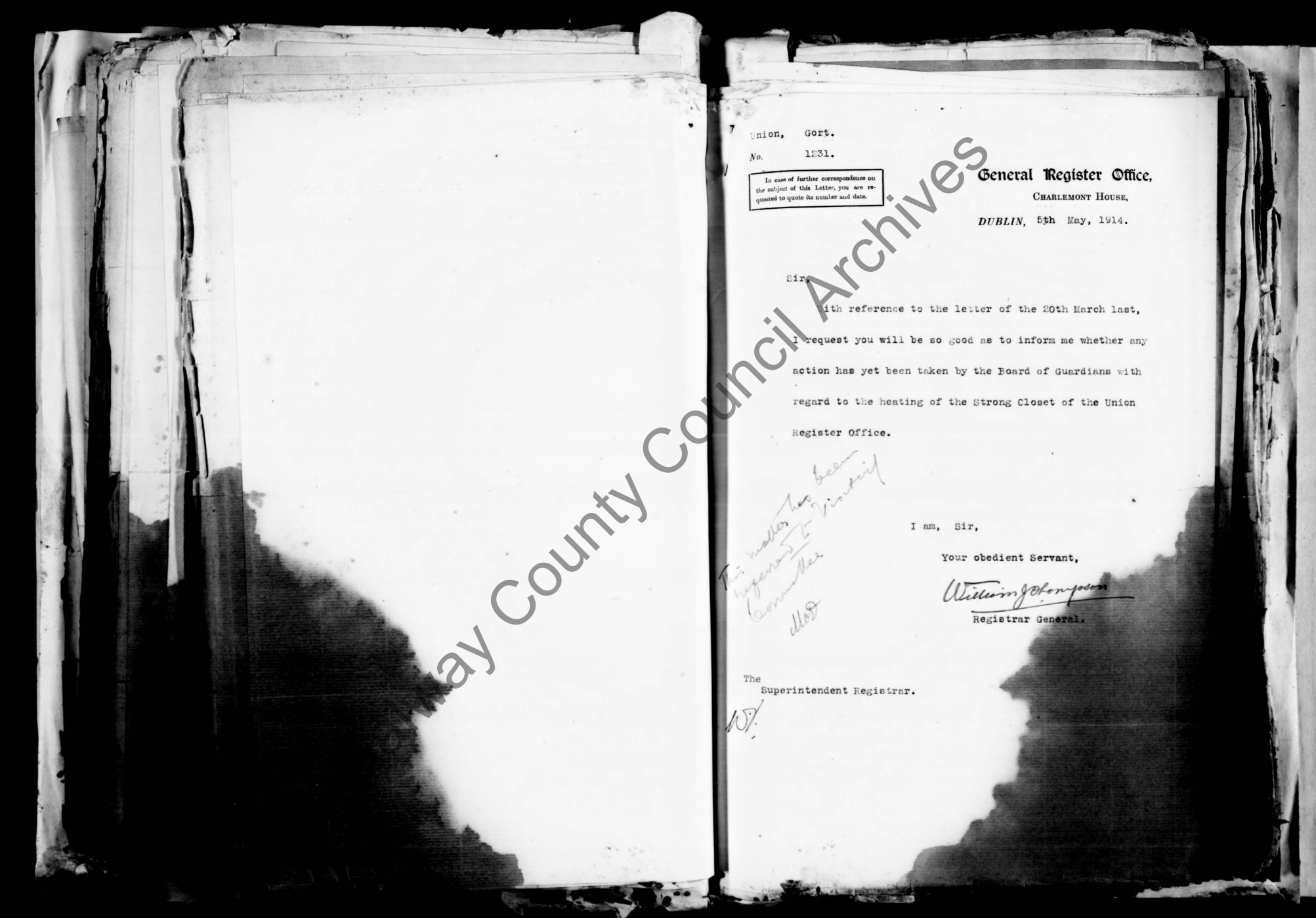


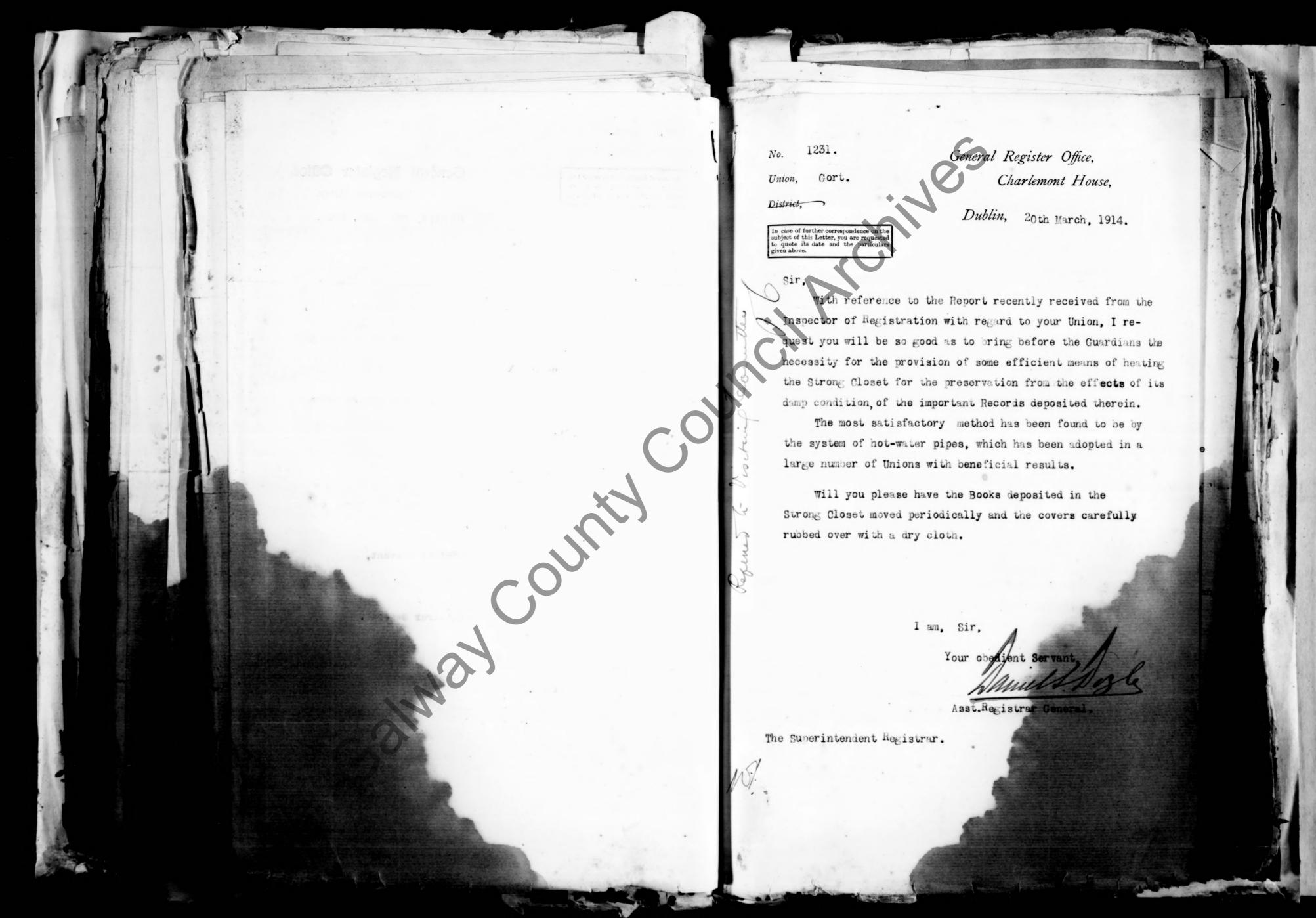


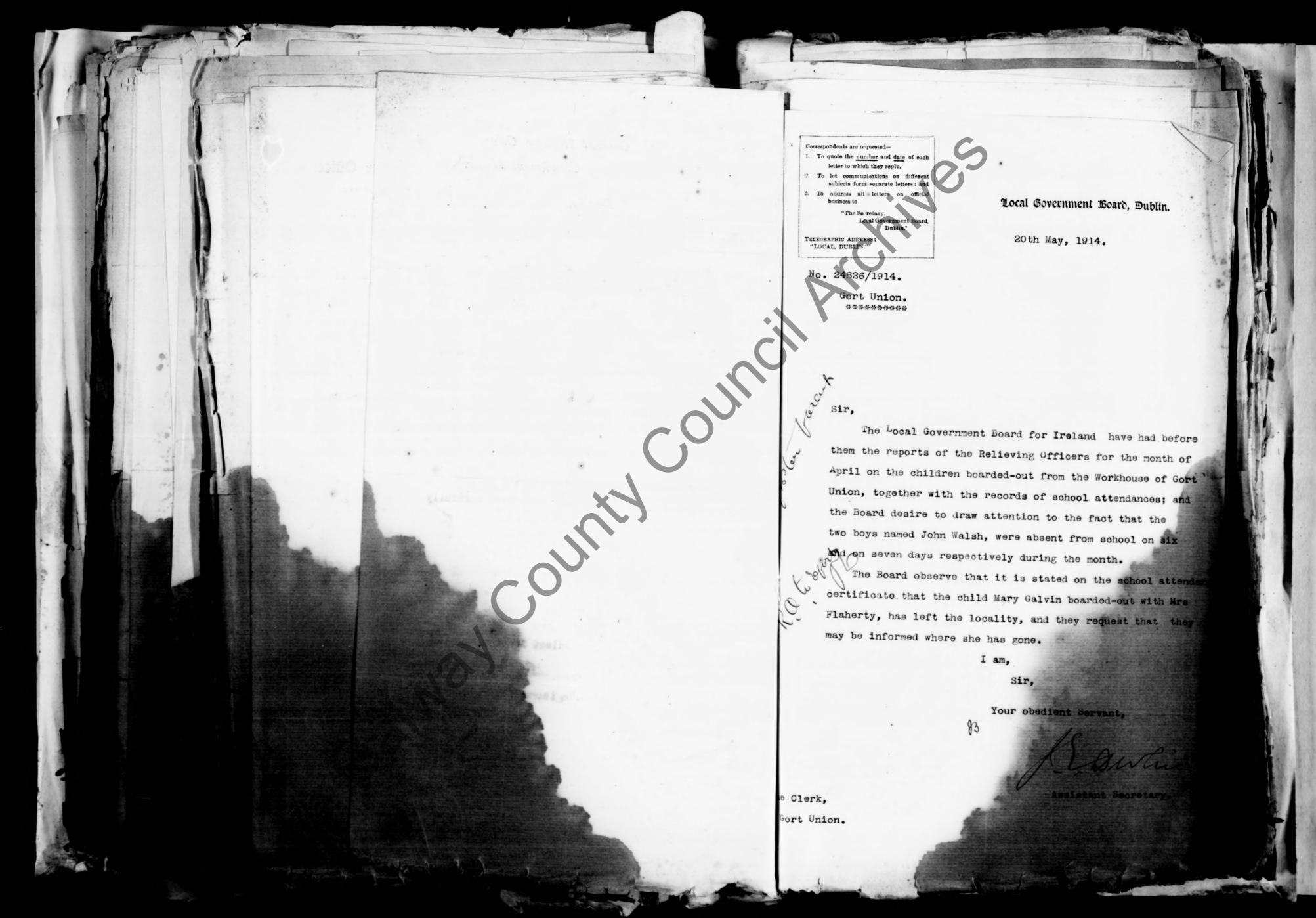
2,190:.191 4. Gort. Union. M.C. 18. No 23,790: 1914. LOCAL GOVERNMENT BOARD, DUBLIN, 6t may 1914. The Local Government Board for Ireland desire to inform the Board of Guardians ledical Officers' Returns, Form L, relating to the several Dispensary Districts of the Union for the half-year ended the 31st. q. merch last. The numbers of defaulters under the Vaccination Acts reported by the Medical Officers for the recent Quarter are as follows:-DISPENSARY DISTRICT. NUMBER OF DEFAULTERS. 88 ardrahan Gort Kinvara The Local Government Board request that the Guardians will be so take steps to enforce strict compliance with the Vaccination Account I am, Wt.310-71.2.1000.4/13.A.T.&Co.,Ltd

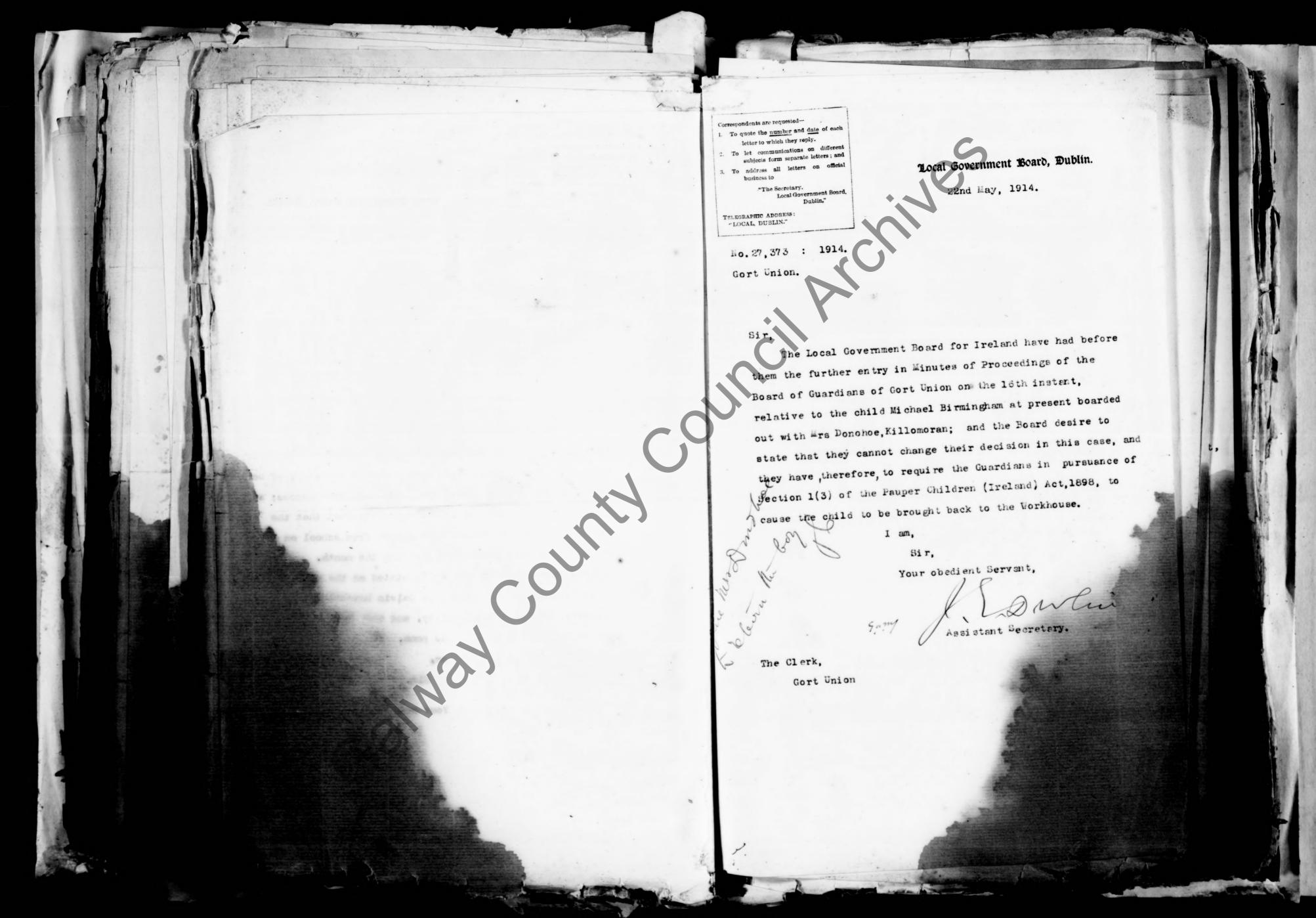


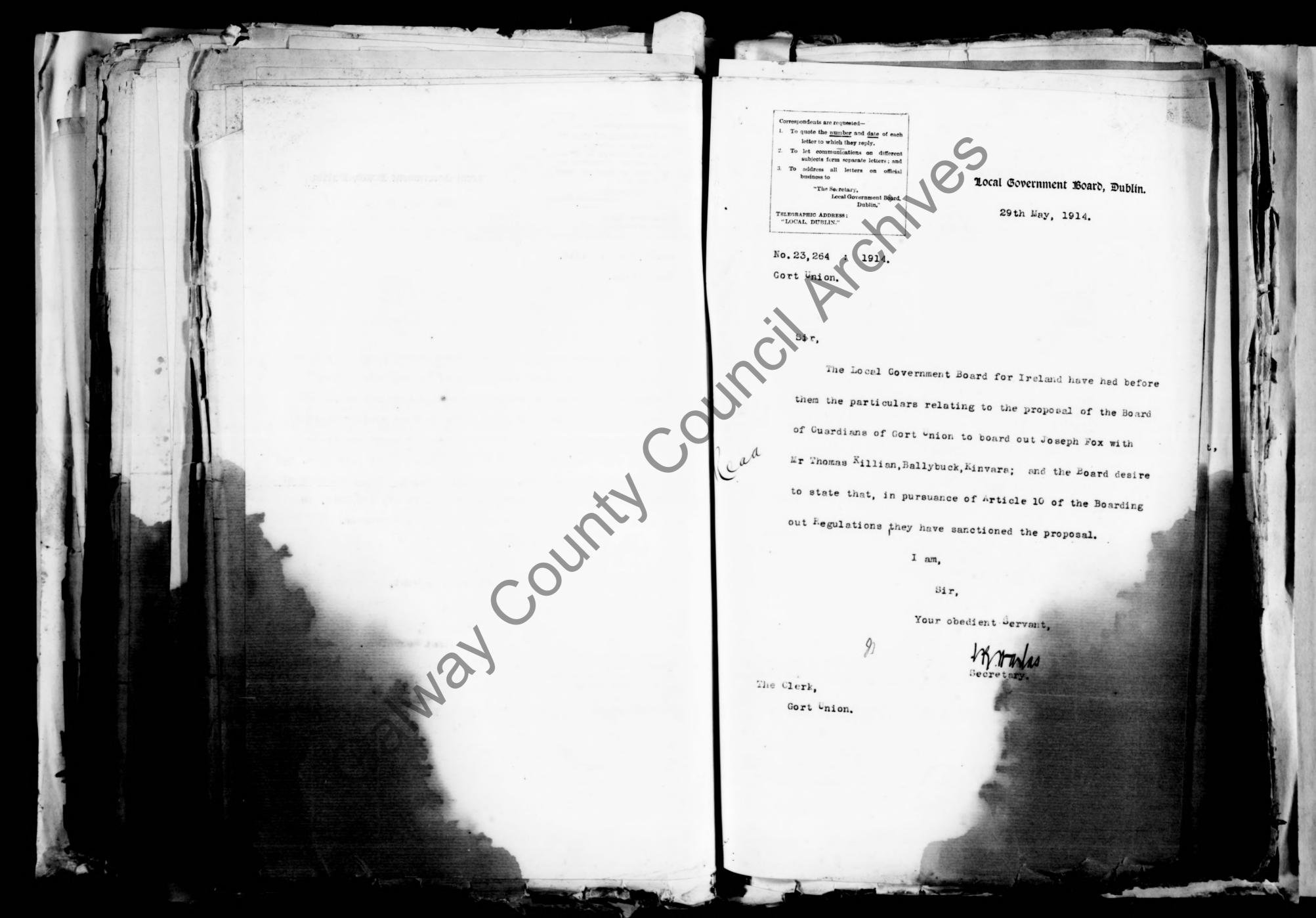


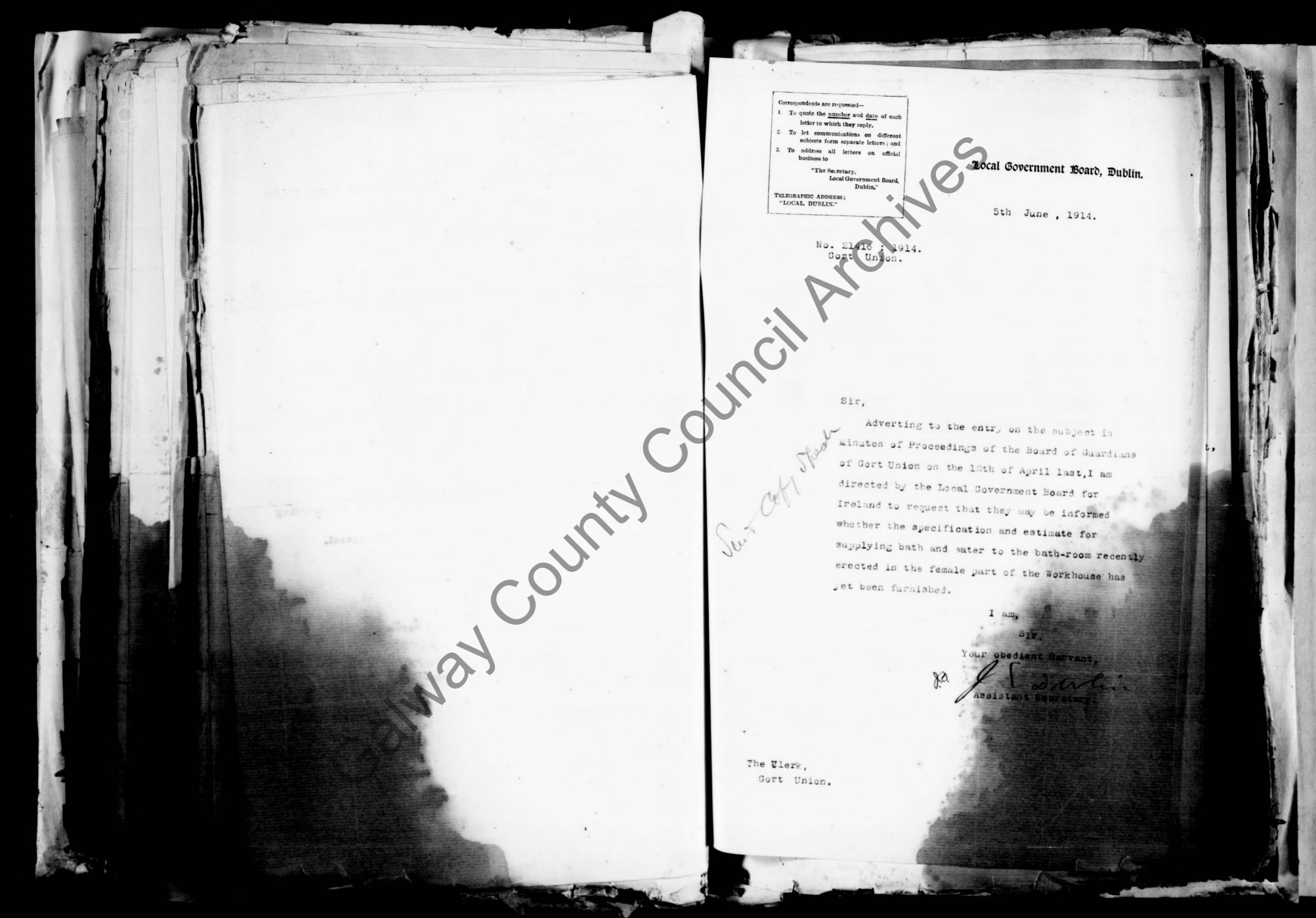


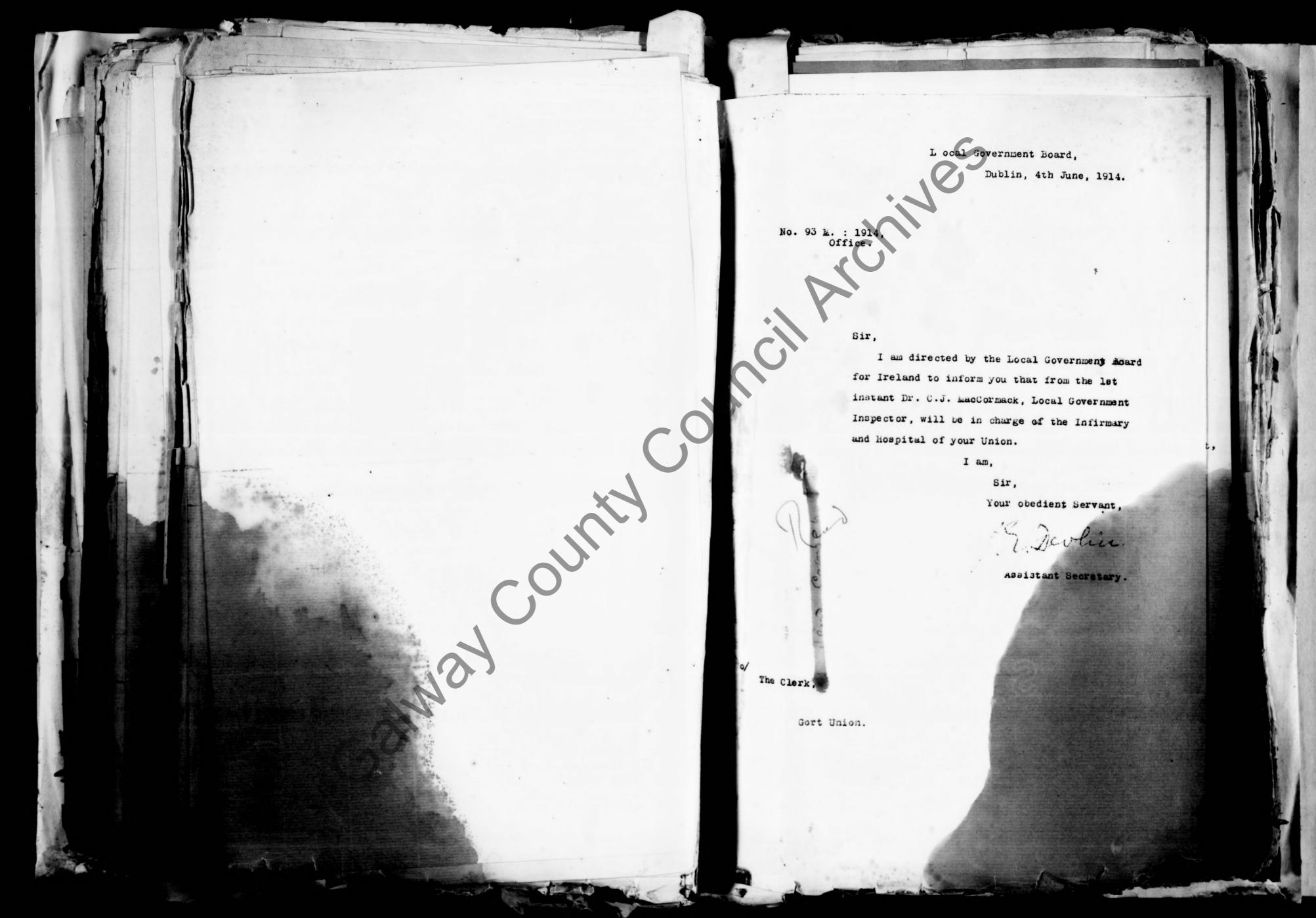


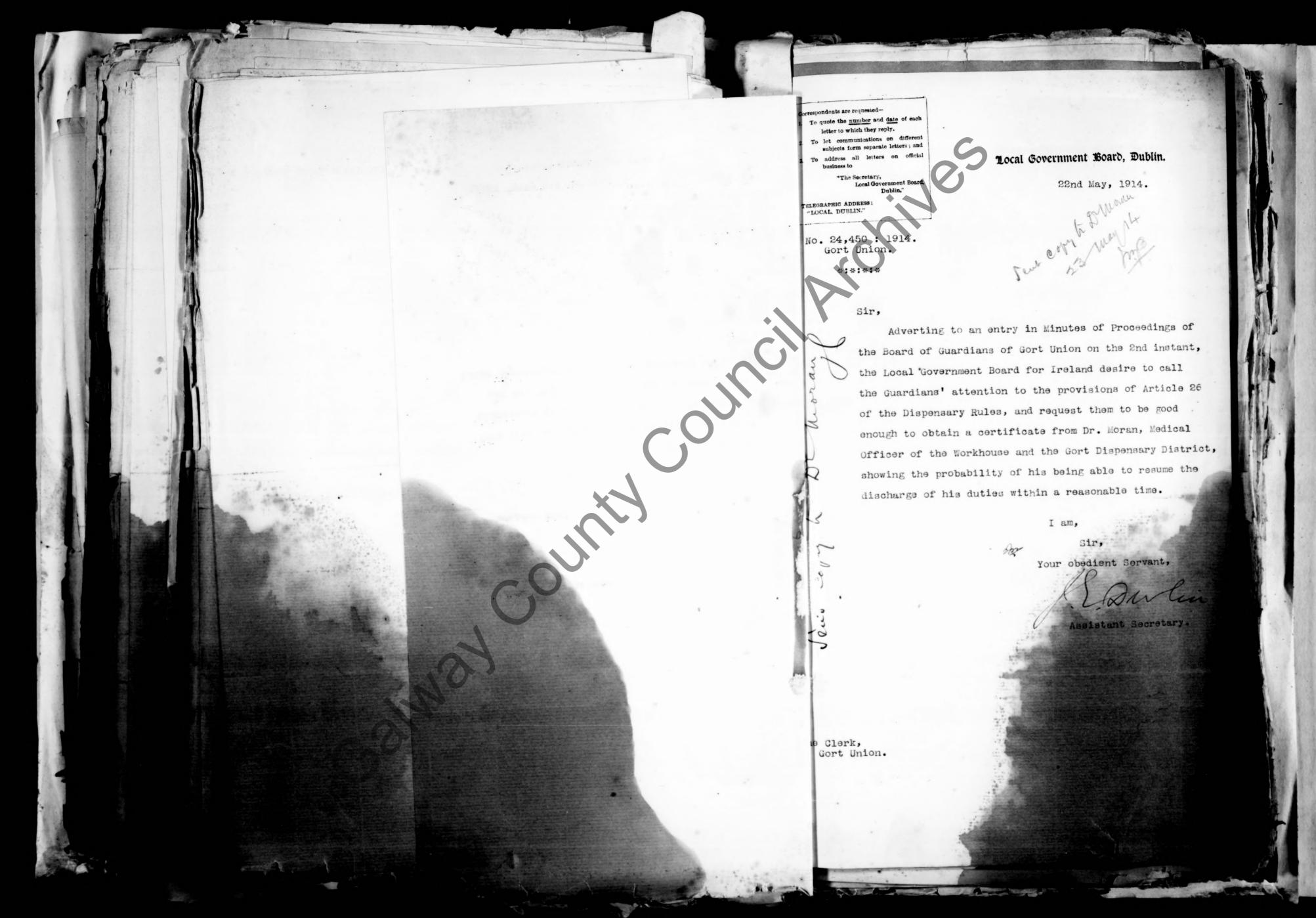


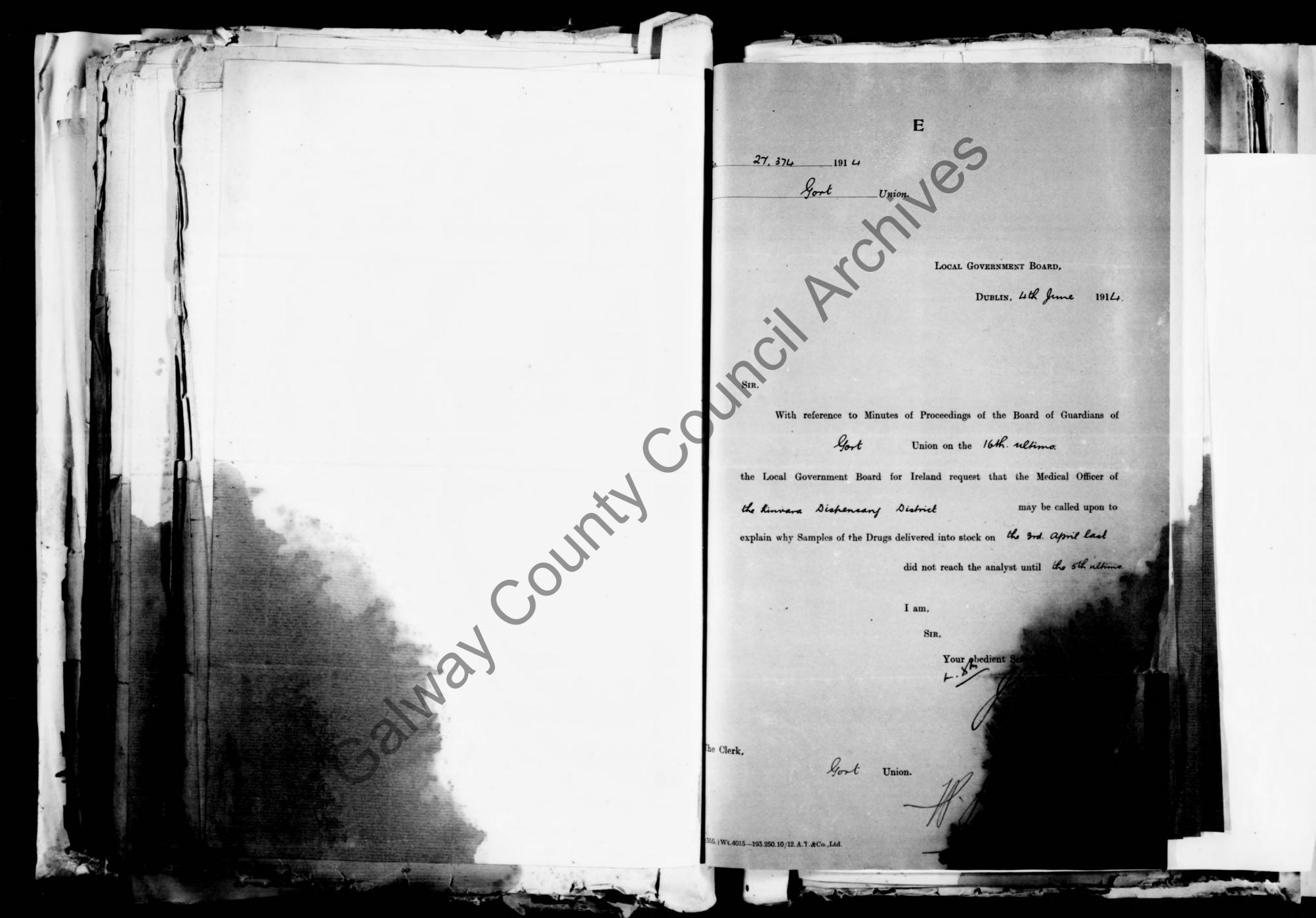














TENDENT REGISTRARS' FEES.

GENERAL REGISTER OFFICE

CHARLEMONT HOUSE,

Dublin, 8th June, 1914.

I beg to acquaint you that the Inland Revenue Authorities have, pursuant to instructions from the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, directed that Income Tax shall in future be deducted from Superintendent Registrars' fees before same are paid. It has accordingly been arranged that the payments in the current and succeeding quarters will be subject to such deduction; and, in order that any necessary adjustments may be correctly carried out, I would urge upon you the desirability of lodging your Income Tax "Claim" with the local Surveyor of Taxes as early as possible in each financial year.

I am, SIR,

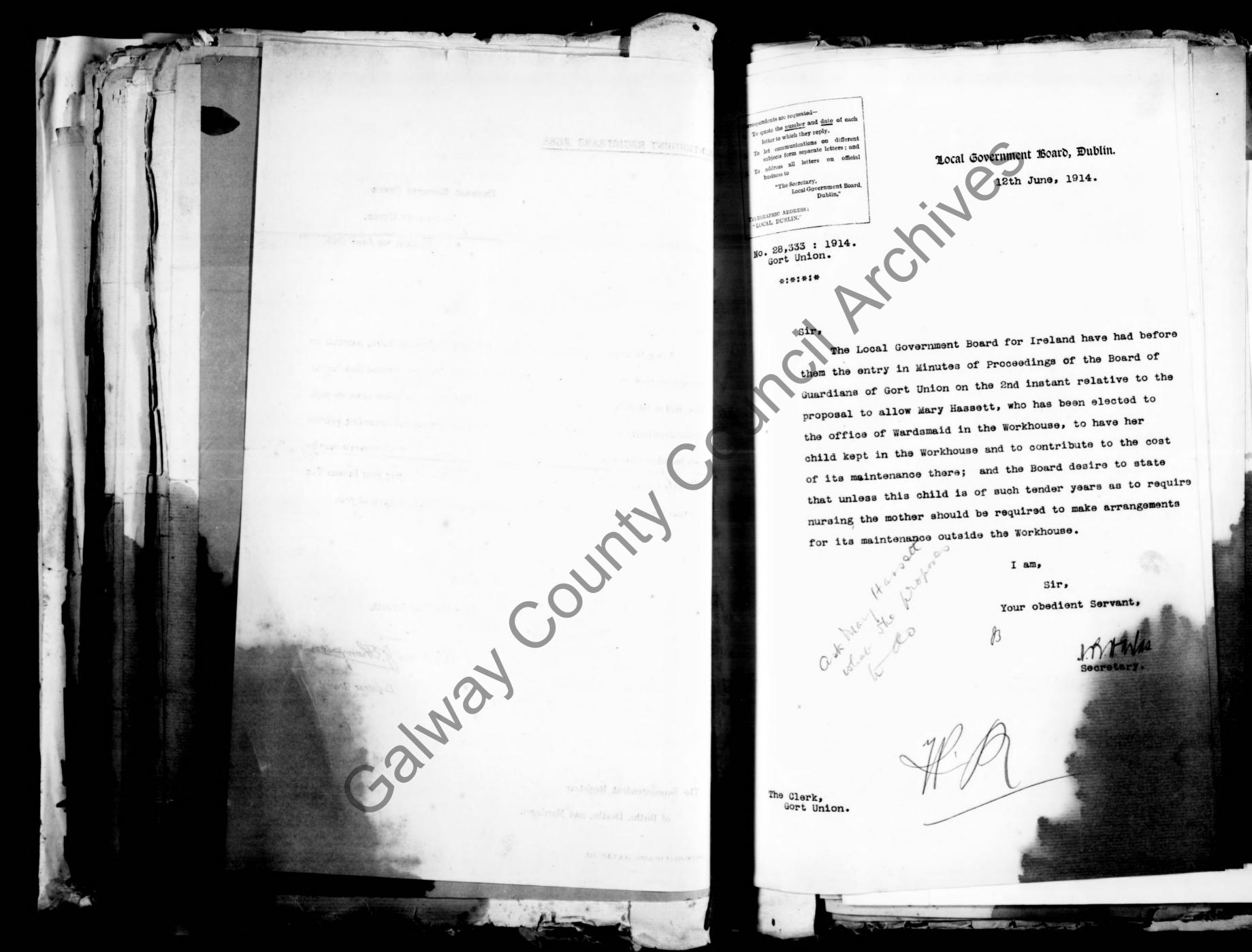
Your obedient Servant,

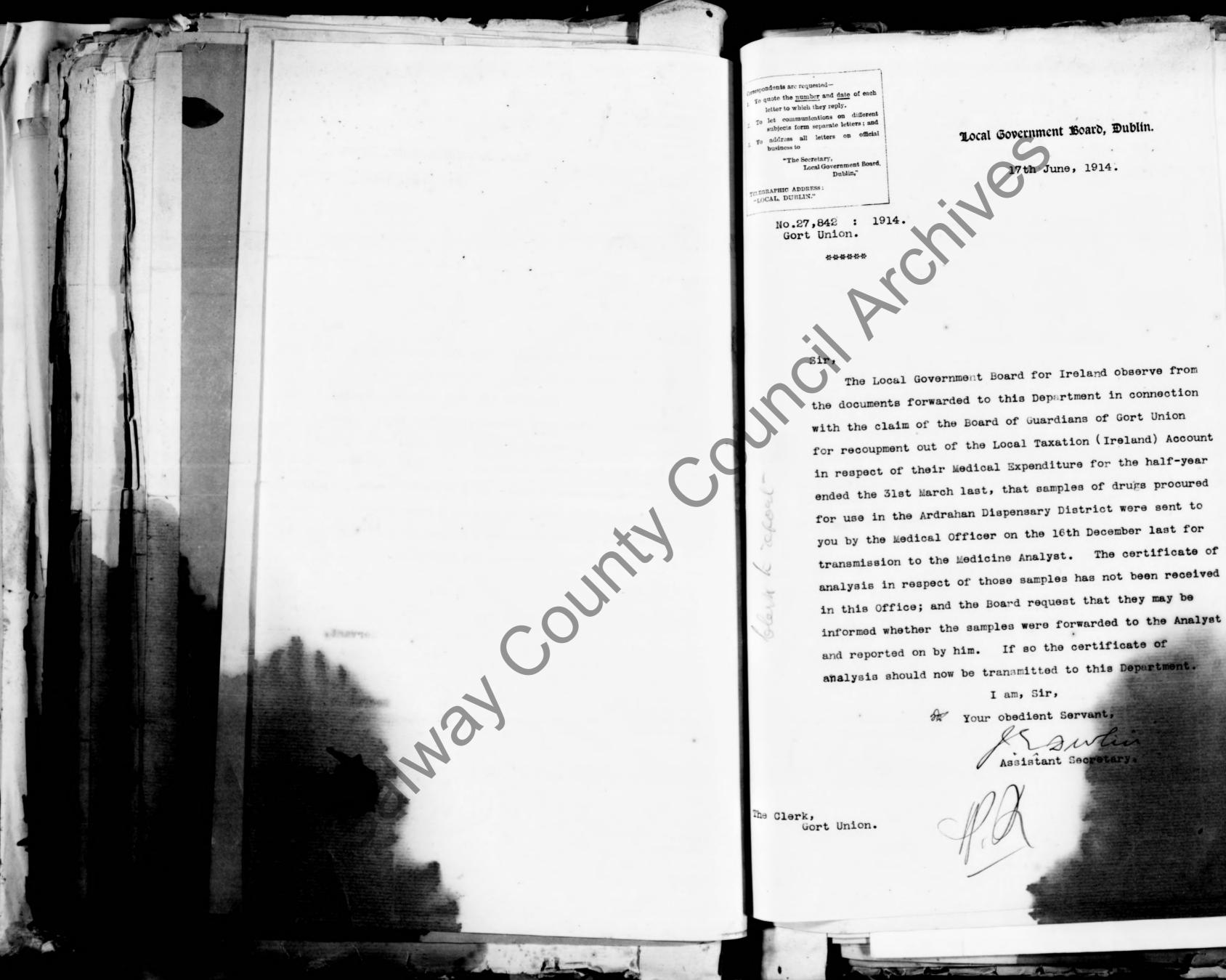
Registrar General.

The Superintendent Registrar

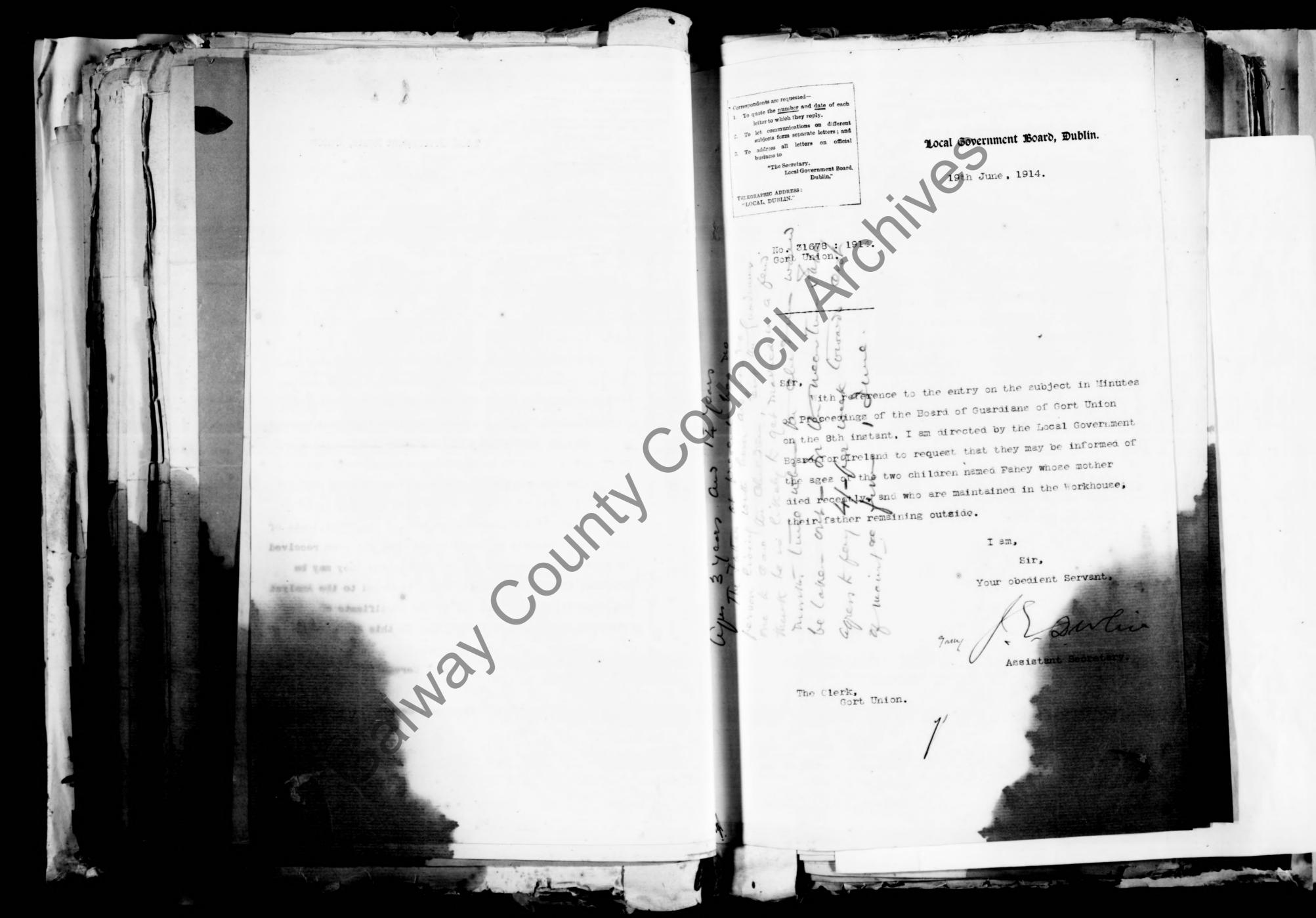
of Births, Deaths, and Marriages.

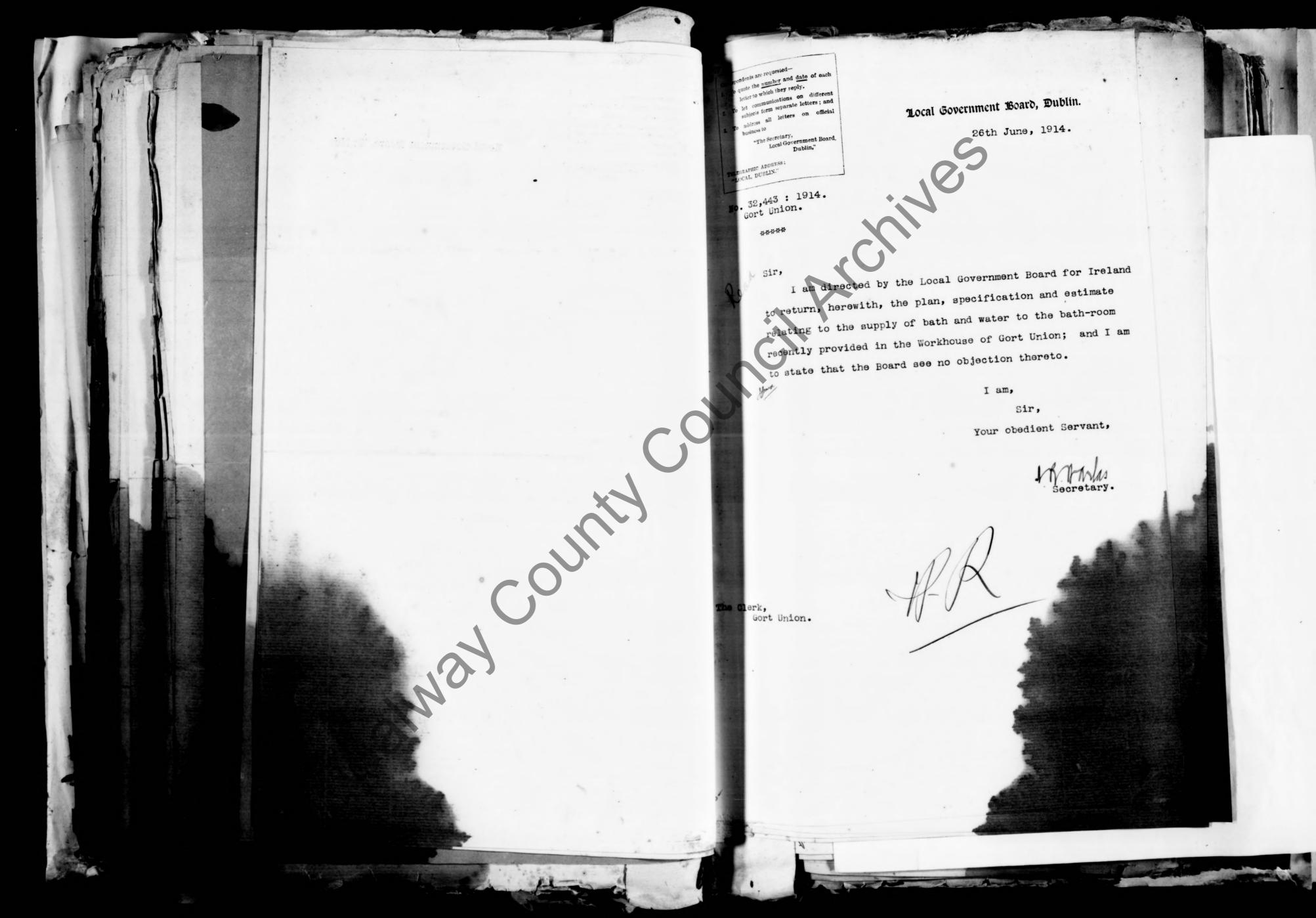
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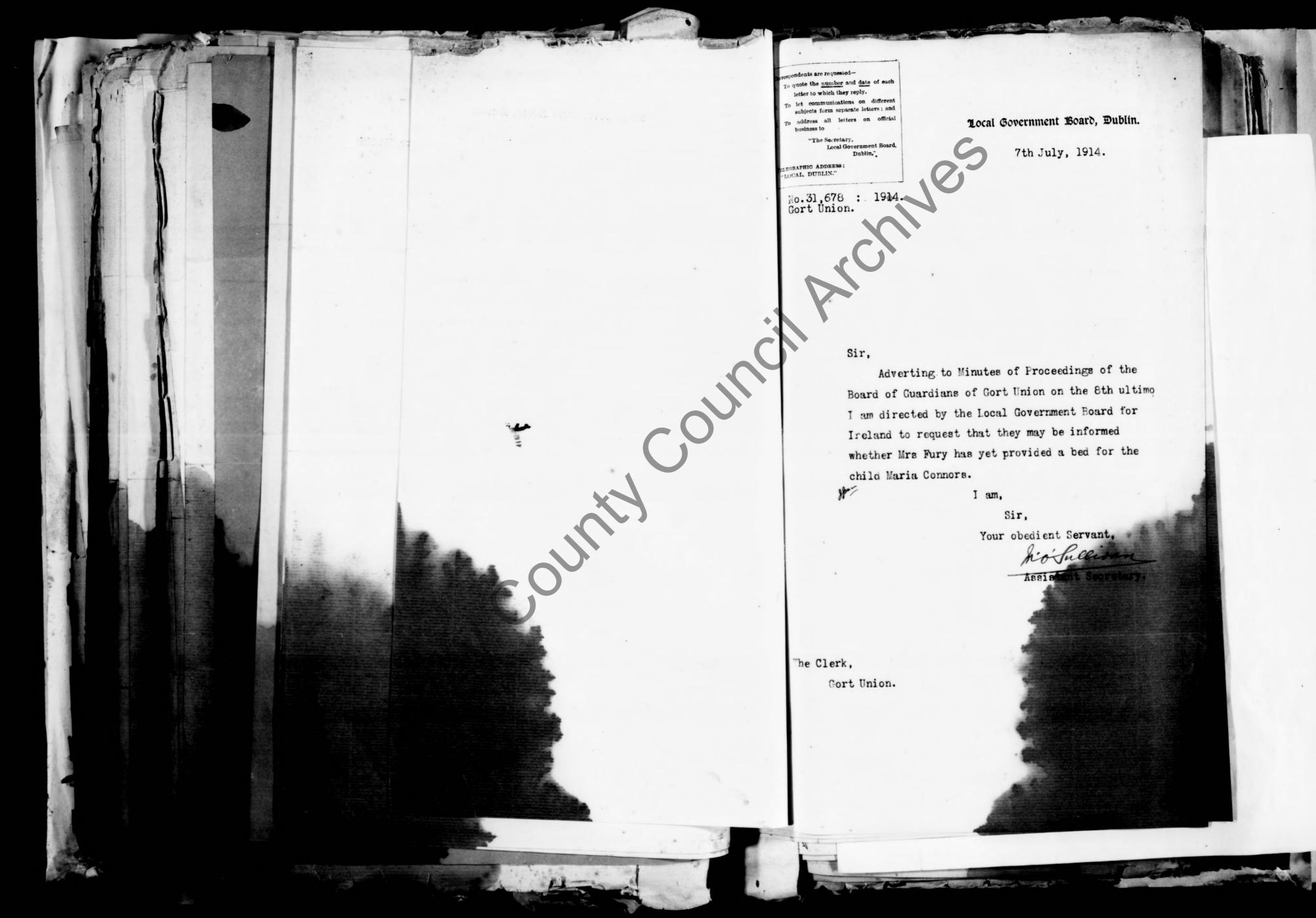


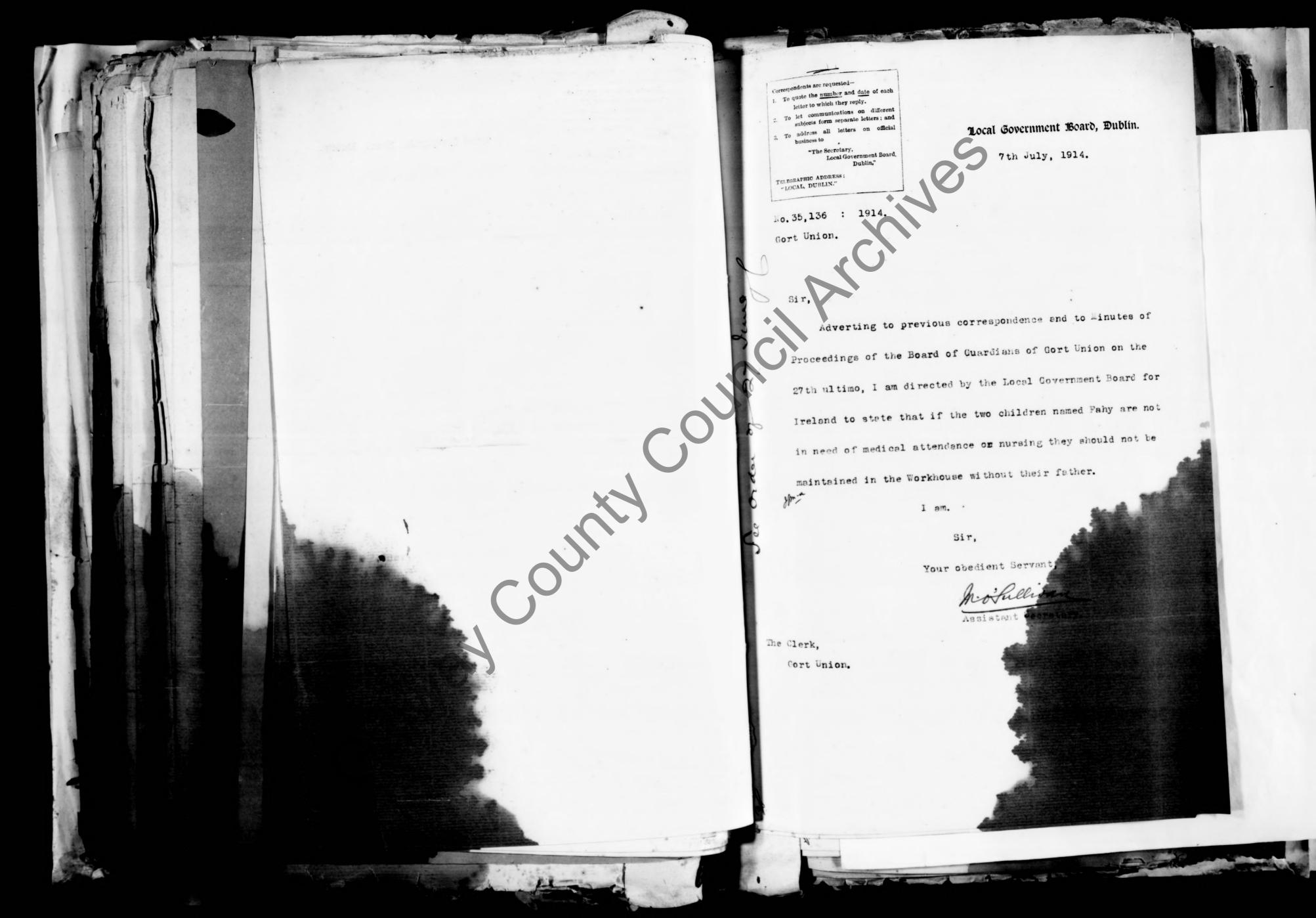


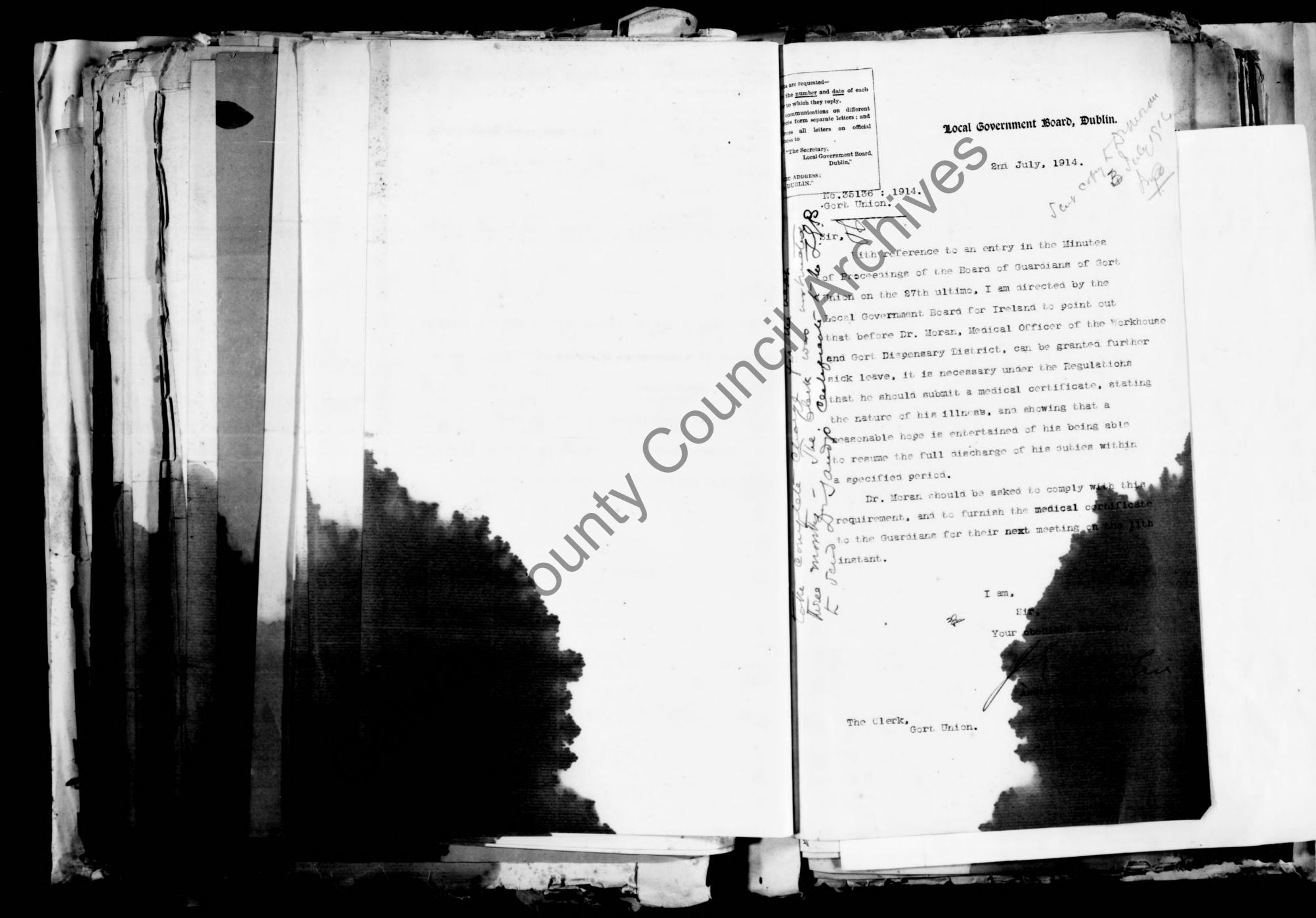
the documents forwarded to this Department in connection with the claim of the Board of Guardians of Gort Union for recoupment out of the Local Taxation (Ireland) Account in respect of their Medical Expenditure for the half-year ended the 31st March last, that samples of drugs procured for use in the Ardrahan Dispensary District were sent to you by the Medical Officer on the 16th December last for transmission to the Medicine Analyst. The certificate of

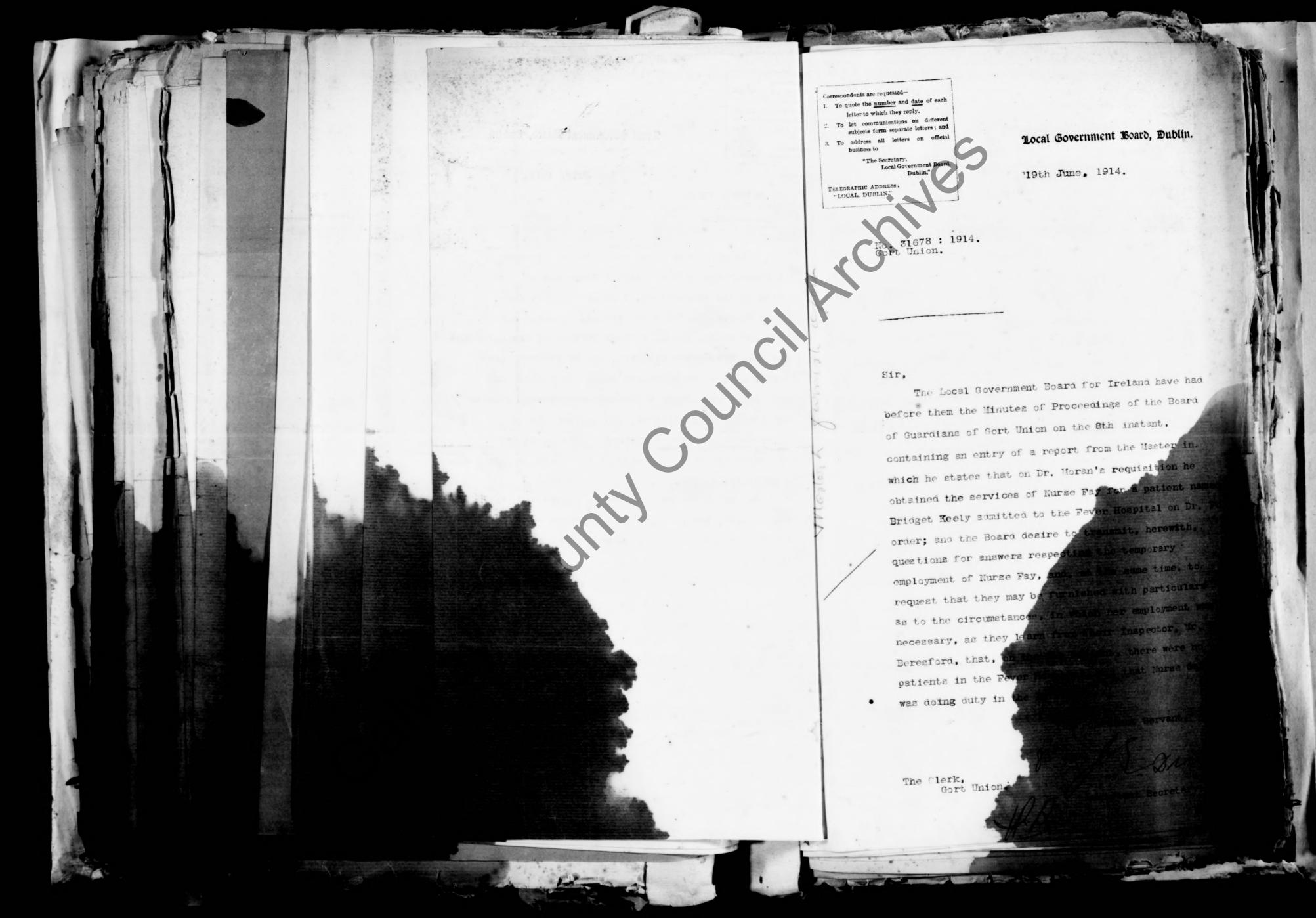


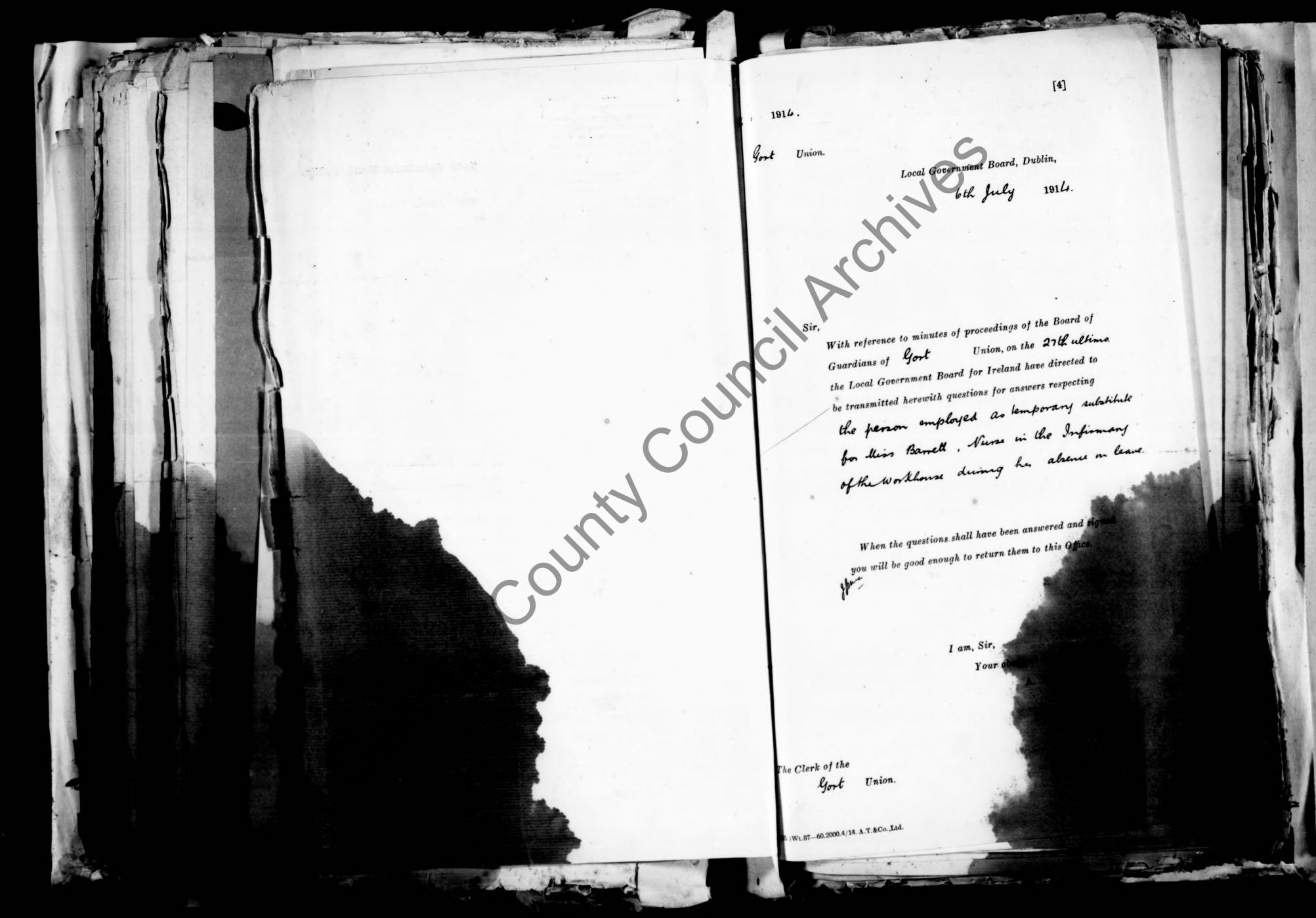


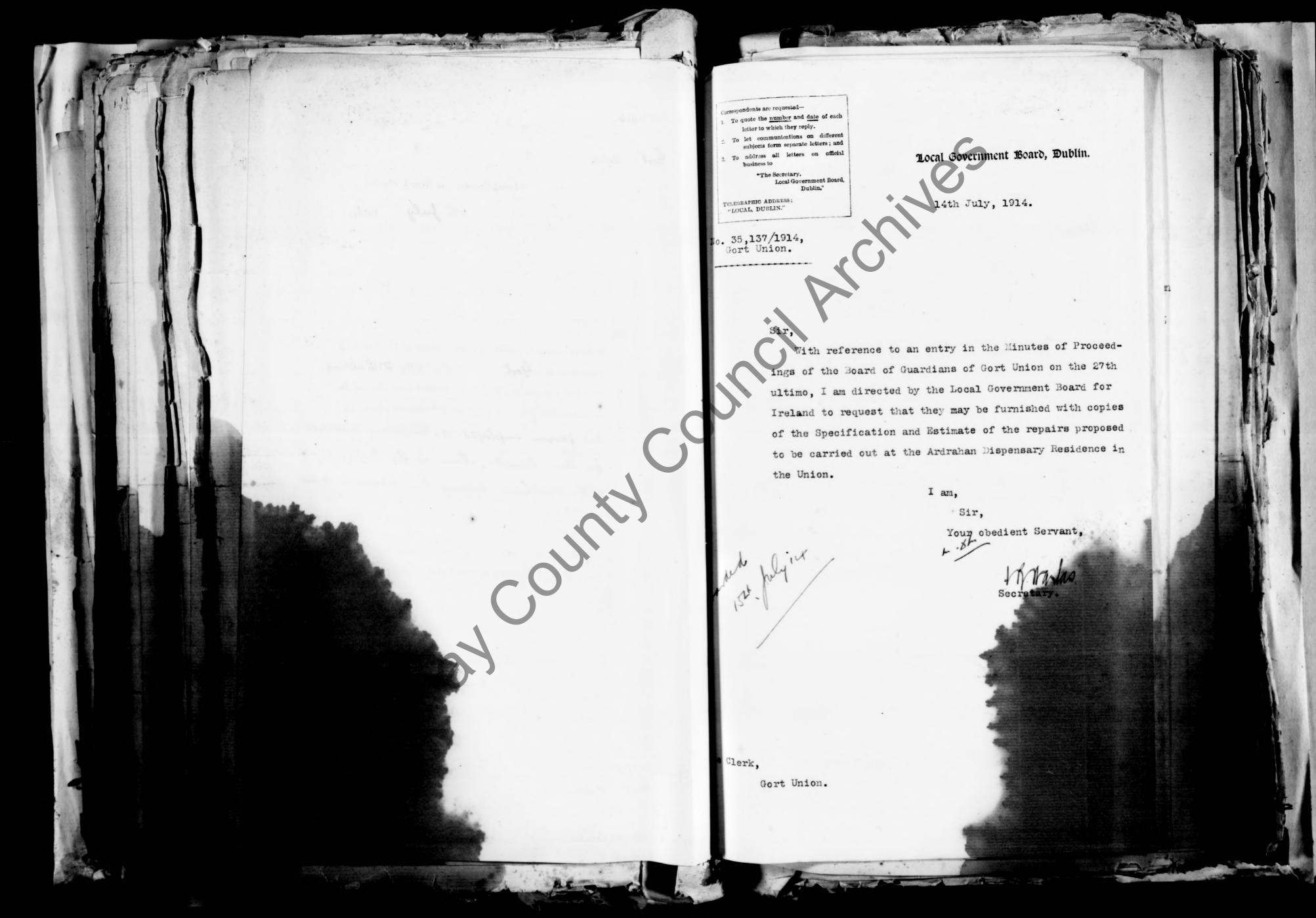












direct To quote the number and date of letter to which they reply. TELEGRAPHIC ADDRESS: "LOCAL DUBLIN."

Enastrans

Local Government Board, Dublin.

6th July, 1914.

No. 32,018/191 Gort Union

I am directed by the Local Government Board for Ireland to forward, to be laid before the Board of Guardians of Gort Union, the accompanying enclosure giving the substance of a report which the Board have received from their Inspector, Wr. Pack Beresford consequent on his recent inspection of the Workhouse; and I am to request that the matters adverted to therein may receive the attention of the Guardians.

I am,

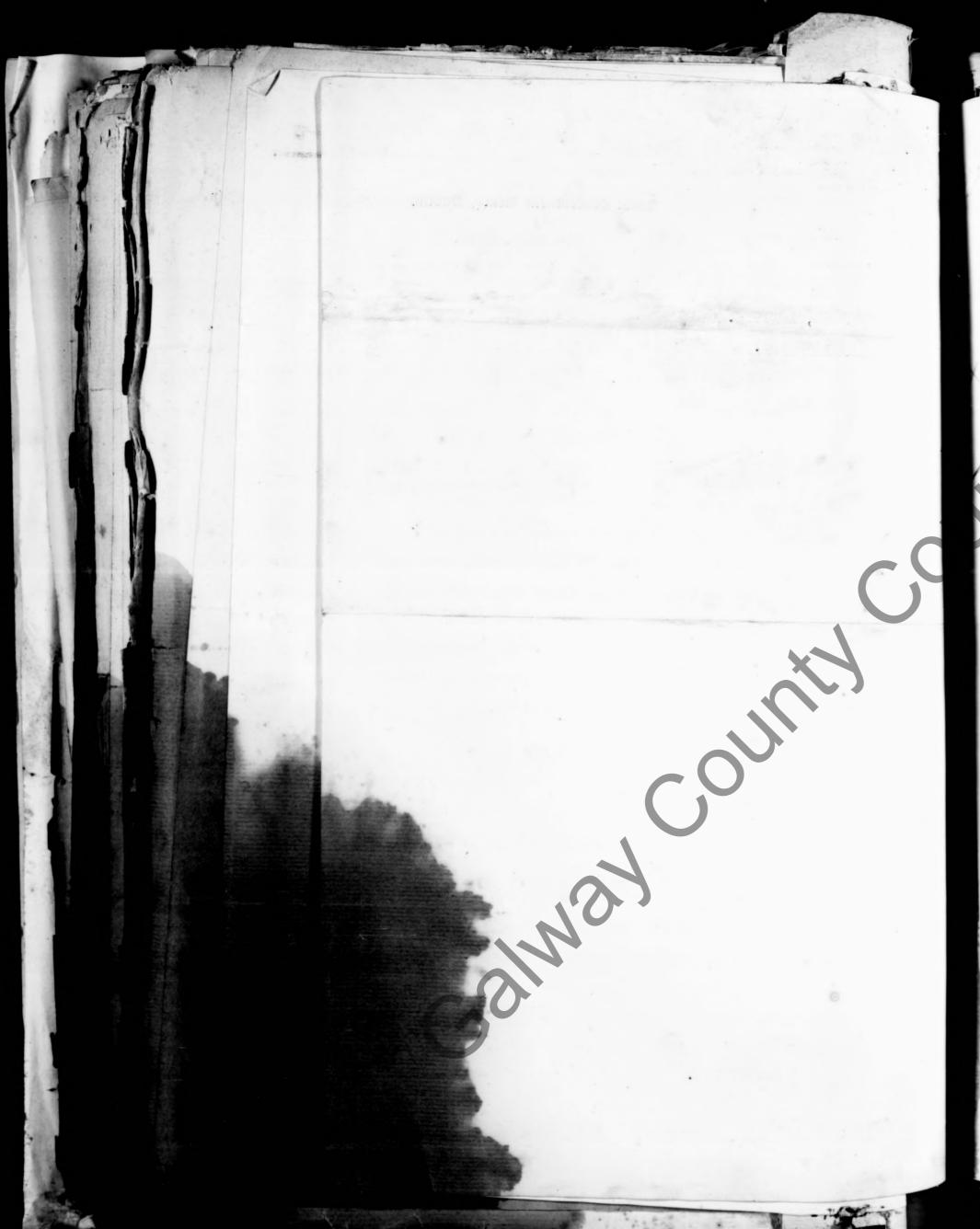
Sir.

Your obedient Servant,

n'o'helivan Assistant Secretary.

The Clerk,

Gort Union.



Gort Union.

Enclosure to Local Government Board's Letter of the 6th July, 1914. No. 32,018/1914.

The main drain should be cleaned up. I was informed that it is four years since this was done.

Five children attend the National School in Gort. The Matron ought to exercise greater supervision over the nursery. Mrs Curtin has charge under the matron, of this department, but she does not appear to have any method in her work or to realise how a nursery should be kept.

There are three orphan and deserted children in the Workhouse.
Two are very young and the third is an idiot.

Last year I asked the Guardians gradually to replace the oldfashioned bedsteads with modern ones, and they ordered one dozen
which have given the greatest satisfaction. I would now request them
to continue this work by the further order of say two dozen.

Generally speaking the roofs and slates require attention.

In my last report I mentioned that the chimney shafts required

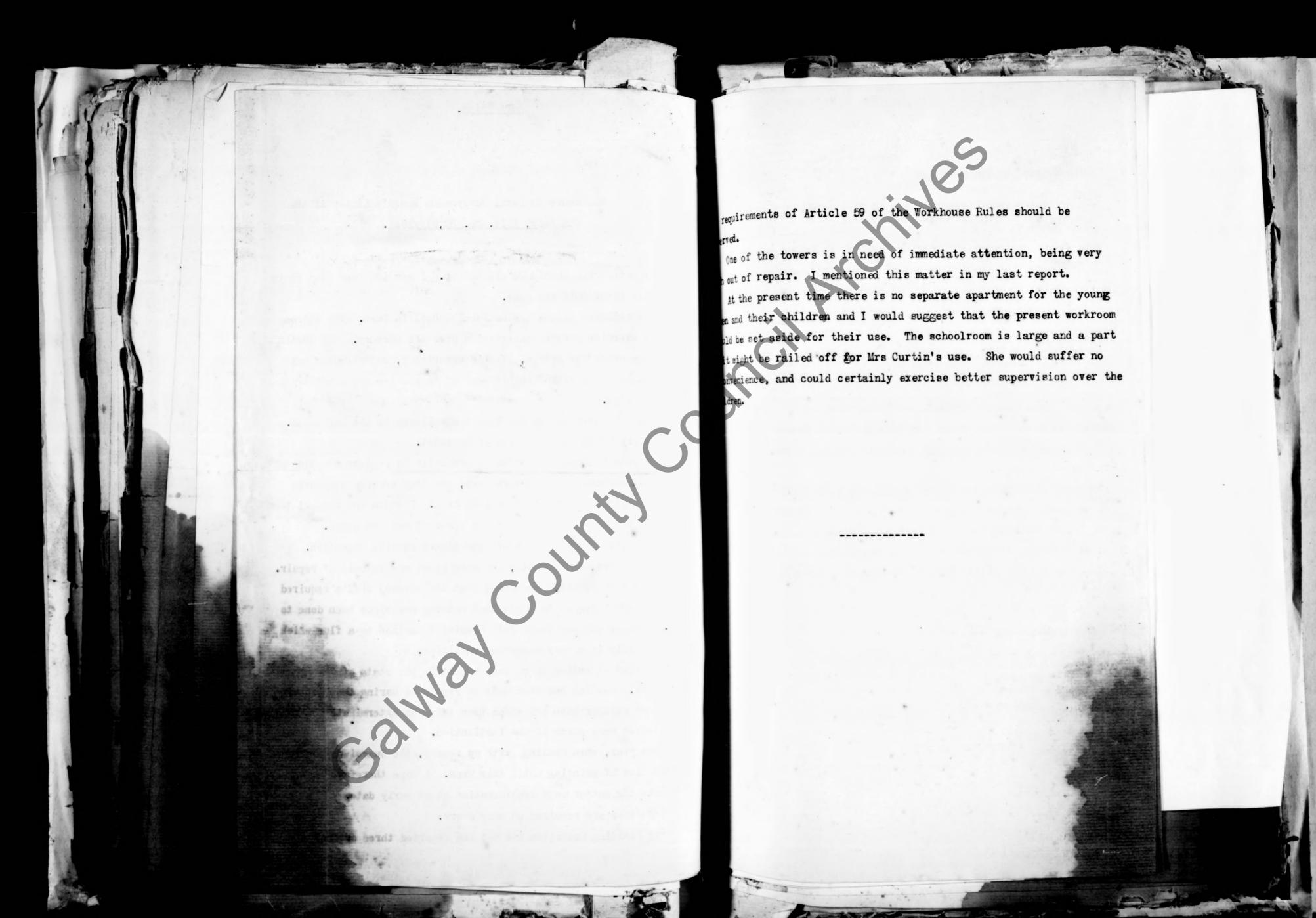
attention but I regret to state that nothing has since been done to them. I would now desire to call special attention to a flue which is undoubtedly in a very dangerous condition.

I called attention in my last report to the state of the achoolroom floor. Nothing has been done to repair it during the past six
months and neither have any steps been taken to exterminate the rate
which infest many parts of the Institution.

Last year, when dealing with my report, the Guardian patrone the question of painting until this year. I hope therefore that the will take the matter into consideration at an early date.

New locks are required on many doors.

The Visiting Committee has met and reported three



te the number and date of each ter to which they reply. all letters on official "The Secretary,
Local Government Board,
Dublin,"

RAPHIC ADDRESS:

Local Government Board, Dublin.

17th July, 1914.

37,235/1914

I am directed by the Local Government Board for Ireland to acknowledge the receipt of replies to queries respecting the temporary employment of Miss Agnes M. Galbraith, as substitute for Sister M. Francis, Nurse of the Workhouse of Gort Union during the absence on leave of that Officer; and I am to request that the Board may be informed whether the Master has yet furnished the explanation called for by the Guardians in connection with the Board's letter of the 19th ultimo.

I am,

Sir,

Your obedient Servant,

Whales Secretary.

Gort Union.

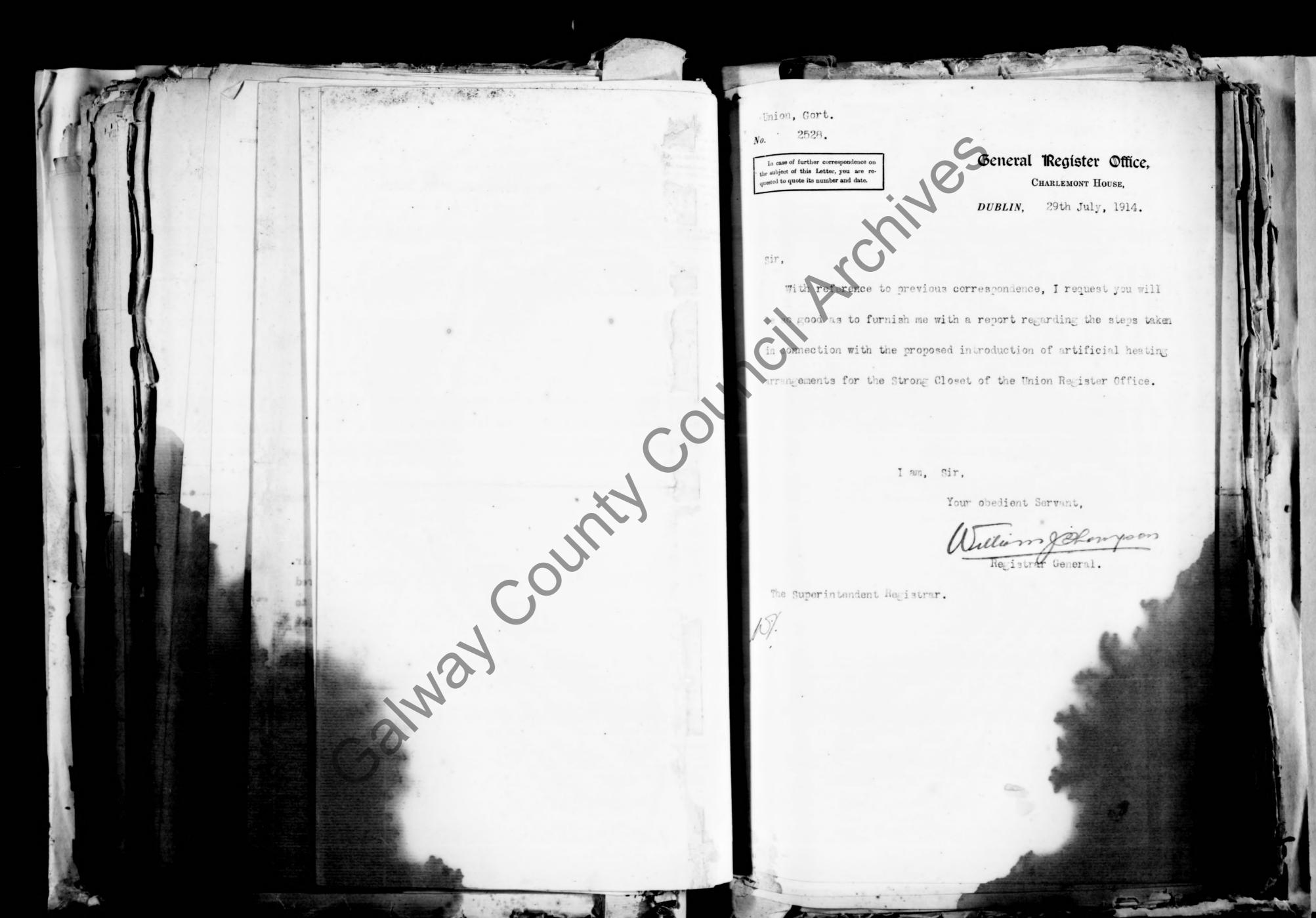
the number and date of each Local Government Board, Dublin. 16th July, 1914. of his duties within a specified time. Dispensary District. I am, Sir, Your obedient Servant nion.

The Local Government Board for Ireland have had before them the further Medical Certificate submitted with the Winutes of Proceedings of the Board of Guardians of Gort Union on the 11th instant in the case of Dr. Moran, Medical Officer of the Workhouse and Gort Dispensary District; and with reference thereto, the Local Government Board desire to point out that the Certificate does not state the nature of Dr. Moran's illness, or show that a reasonable hope is entertained of his being able to resume the full discharge

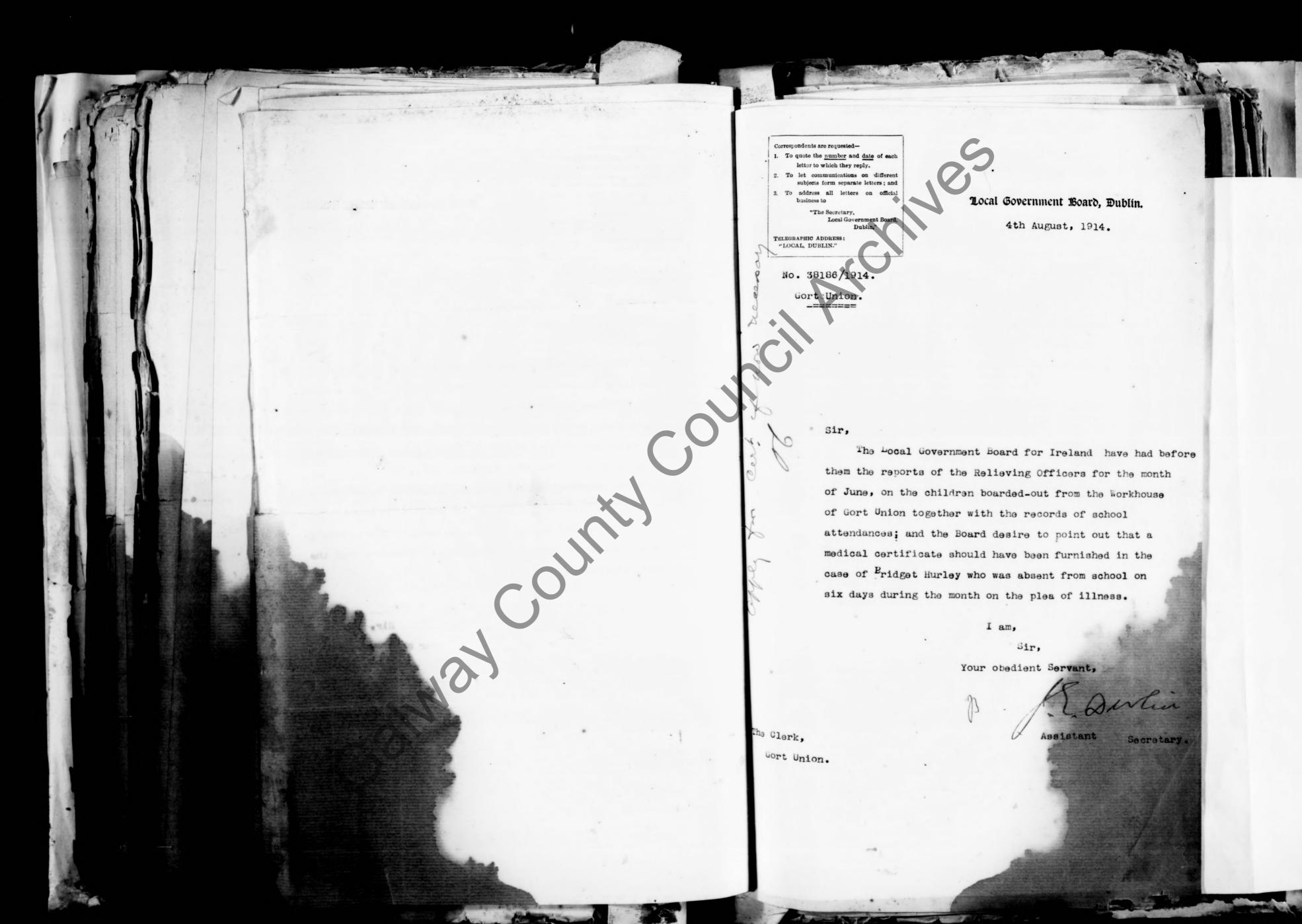
In these circumstances the Local Government Board cannot assent to further sick leave being granted to Dr. Moran, and they request that the Guardians will be so good as to arrange for his retirement on superannuation. Meanwhile, pending a permanent appointment, a temporary Medical Officer should be employed for the Workhouse and

te the number and date of each to which they reply. Local Government Board, Dublin. 17th July, 1914. No. 27,842 : 1914. Gort Union. I am directed by the Local Government Board for Ireland to call attention to their letter of the 17th ultimo, relative to the Certificate of analysis of the samples of the drugs procured for use in Ardrahan Dispensary District of Gort Union and forwarded by the Medical Officer to you on the 16th December last, for transmission to the Analyst; and I am to request that the Local Government Board may be furnished with a reply thereto at your early convenience. I am, vir, Your obedient Servant, Secretary. The Clerk, Gort Union.

the number and date of each to which they reply. Local Government Board, Dublin. 23rd July, 1914. "The Secretary,
Local Government Board,
Dublin," No. 38,196/191 Gort Union. COMINITA Adverting to an entry in the Minutes of Proceedings of the Board of Guardians of Gort Union on the 27th ultimo, and to your letter of the 15th instant, I am directed by the Local Government Board for Ireland to state that they will not raise any objection to the repairs proposed to be carried out at the Ardrahan Dispensary Residence in the Union. Sir, Your obedient Servant, The Clerk, Gort Union.



To quote the number and date of each letter to which they reply. let communications on Local Government Board, Dublin. 31st July, 1914. TELEGRAPHIC ADDR "LOCAL, DUBLIN No. 40,458: 1914. Gort Union. Sir, With reference to the further Minute of the Board of Guardians of Gort Union of the 25th instant on the subject, I am directed by the Local Government Board for Ireland to state that, in deference to the Guardians' wishes, they will not raise any further objection to Dr. Moran being granted sick leave up to the 30th September next. The Guardians should however, appoint a fully qualified Medical Practitioner to act in the meantime as substitute for Dr. Moran and be responsible to them for the discharge of the duties of Medical Officer of the Workhouse and the Gort Dispensary District. borio Sir, Your obedient Servant, Assistant Secretary. The Clerk, Gort Union.



Correspondents are requested-1. To quote the number and date of each letter to which they reply. To let communications on different subjects form separate letters; and address all letters on officia Local Government Board, Dublin. 7th August, 1914. TELEGRAPHIC ADDRESS: "LOCAL, DUBLIN." No. 40457/1914 Gort Union. Sir, The Local Government Board for Ireland have had before them the further entry in Minutes of Proceedings of the Board of Guardians of Gort Union on the 25th ultimo, relative to the proposal to allow Mary Hassett who has been elected to the office of "ardsmaid to have her child kept in the Workhouse, and to contribute to the cost of its maintenance there, and the Board desire to draw attention to their letter of the 12th of June, last on this subject and to point out that the age of Mary Hassett's child has not been stated. I am, Sir, Your obedient Servant, Assistant Secretary. e Clerk, Gort Union.

No. 44,816/191 Miscellaneous. Sir,

LOCAL GOVERNMENT BOARD. DUBLIN, 21st August, 1914.

Circular Board of Guardians.

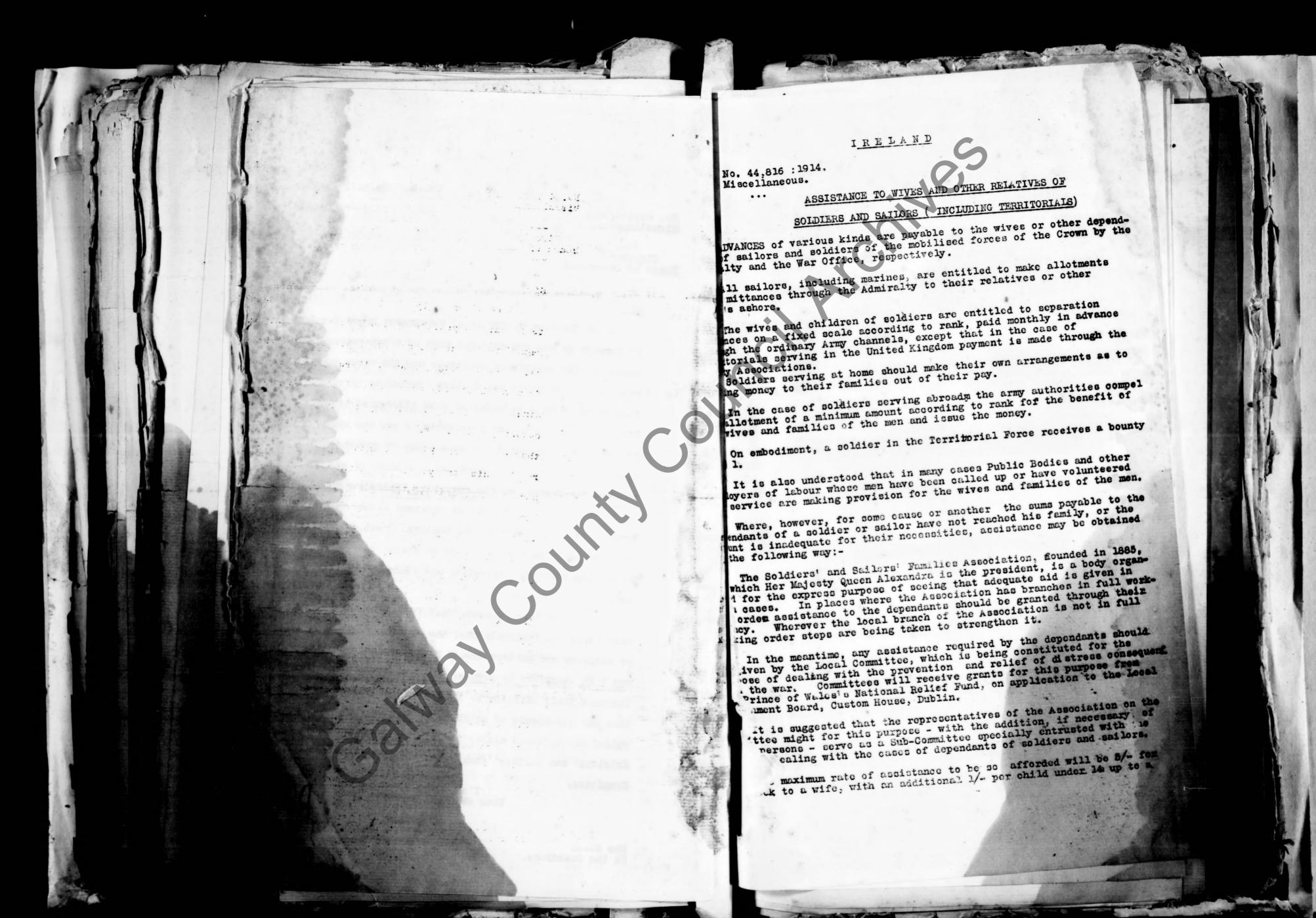
> I am directed by the Local Government Board for Ireland to forward to you the enclosed copy of a memorandum with regard to the assistance available for the wives and other relatives of soldiers and sailors (including territorials), from which it will be observed that allowances of various kinds are payable to the dependants of men who have joined the colours, and that where for some cause or another the sums thus payable to the dependents of a soldier or sailor have net reached his family, or the amount is inadequate for their necessities, assistance may be obtained either from the loc branches of the Soldiers' and Sailers' Families Association or from the Local Committees to be constituted for the pur of dealing with the prevention and ralies of distress consequent upon the war.

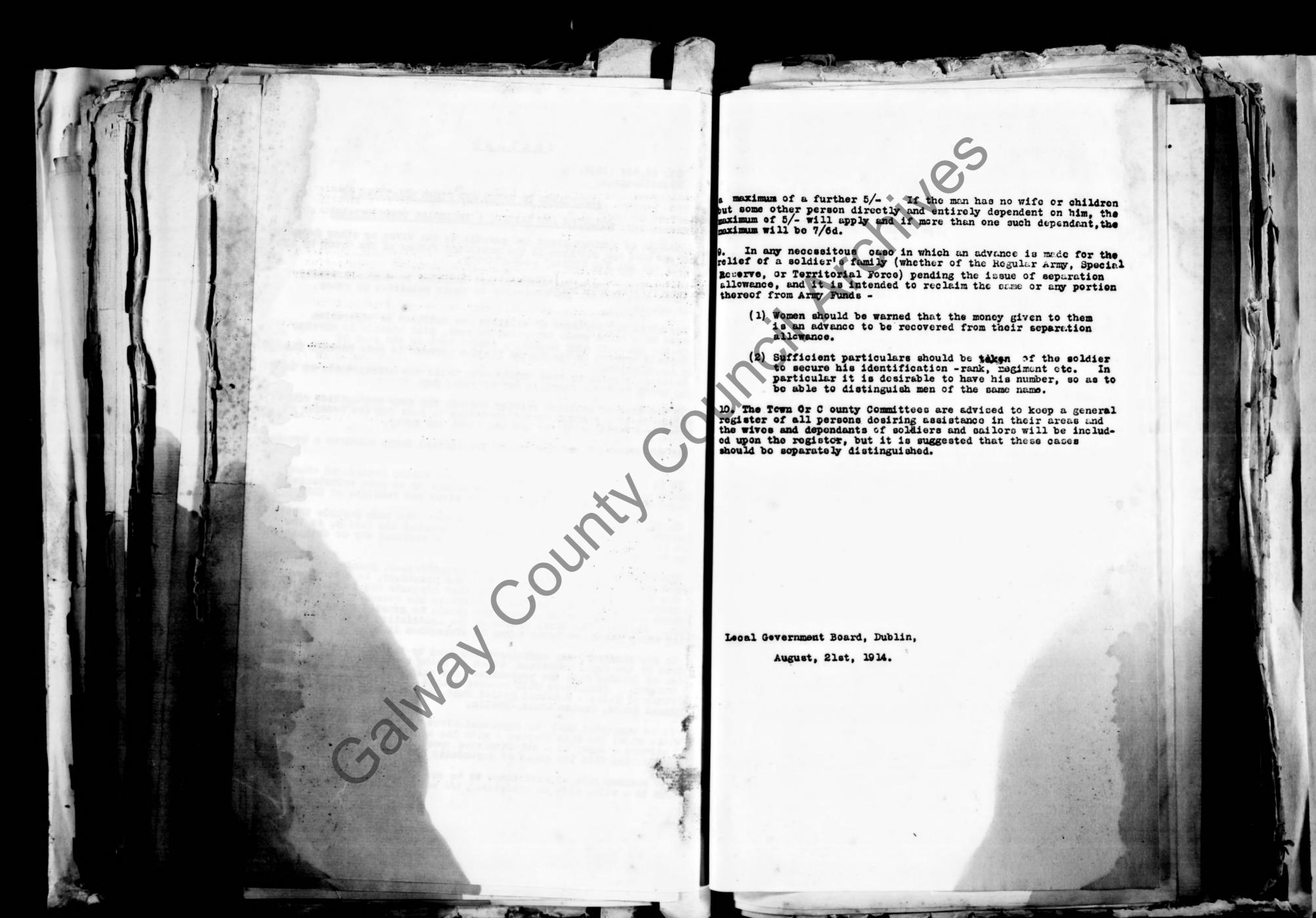
The Board here no doubt that it will be generally a that it is not desirable that the wives and other relative of soldiers and sailers should have recourse to poor rela and I am therefore to request that the Guardians will instruct their officers to take ever precaution to see that any dependants of soldiers and sailors who apply I relief are referred either to the local branch of the Soldiers' and Sailors' Families Association or to the Committee.

I am, Sir, Your obedient Servant,

J. E. DEVLIN,

The Clerk To the Guardians. Assistant Secretary





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No. 42642/14.—Misc.

Local Government Board, Dublin, August 12th, 1914.

SIR.

I am directed by the Local Government Board for Ireland to inform you that the Government have constituted a Committee of the Cabinet to advise on the measures necessary to deal with any distress that may arise in consequence of the war.

In the opinion of the Cabinet Committee it is desirable that there should be formed throughout the country representative local Committees, whose function it will be to consider the needs of the localities and co-ordinate the distribution of such relief as may be required.

The Local Government Board have issued Circular Letters (copies enclosed) to the Lord Mayors, Mayors and Chairmen of Councils inviting them to take immediate steps to establish such Committees, of which they will act as the Chairmen. The Committee will comprise representatives of the local authorities, including the Boards of Guardians, of the Distress Committee, if any, of the Trade Unions, and of philanthropic organisations.

As you are aware, the Prince of Wales has inaugurated a National Relief Fund, and it is intended that the local distribution of the sums thus made available shall be entrusted to the Committees.

In the event of distress becoming acute, the Committees will be regarded as responsible for the co-ordination of all relief agencies in the locality, whether official or voluntary. It is, however, intended that the Guardians should continue to deal with all persons who have been in the habit of relying on poor law relief, and that such persons should not receive assistance from the Committees, and should be discouraged from applying for such assistance.

It is clearly therefore of great importance, with a view to enabling the Committees to discriminate readily between the applicants for aid and in order to prevent overlapping, that there should be close co-operation between them and the Poor Law authorities; and the Local Government Board are confident that they can rely on the cordial assistance of the Boards of Guardians and their officers in this national scheme.

The first obvious means by which the Guardians can assist the Committees is by supplying them with lists of all persons who are now in receipt of poor relief (distinguishing outdoor and indoor). The Board have suggested to the Committees that registers should be kept by them of all recipients of assistance from the National Fund, and they hope that the Guardians will make arrangements for supplying each Committee promptly with the names of persons receiving relief. The Board feel that they can leave it to the Boards of Guardians, after consultation with the Committees, to make whatever arrangements are best suited to effect the purpose in view.

The Board deem it right to warn the Guardians that the special measures to be taken as outlined above do not remove the possibility of a sudden and unforeseen demand being made on the resources of the Guardians in some localities. The Guardians will therefore bear in mind the additional powers which were conferred on them by Section 13 of the Local Government (Ireland) Act, 1898, to deal with exceptional distress which might arise.

I am,

Sir

Your obedient Servant,

J. E. DEVLIN,

Assistant Secretary.

The Clerk to the Guardians.

10932. (G. 64.) 3, 1,000 8, 1914. A. T. & Co. Ltd.

42642/14.—Misc.

Local Government Board, Dublin

August 12, 1914.

I AM directed by the Local Government Board for Ireland to refer to the Circular lich they addressed to you on the 10th instant with regard to the formation of a Local epresentative Committee for dealing with any distress which may arise in consequence of ewar, and to state that they will feel obliged if you will forward to them as soon as possible riculars on the enclosed form of the constitution of the Committee.

It will be noticed that in the previous circular no definite limit has been placed upon a population of the urban districts for which Local Committees should be formed. England the Committees are to be formed for towns of 20,000 and over, and in the maning lowns, the work is to be left in the hands of the County Councils. The Board inclined to the opinion that in Ireland from the point of view both of the County smalls and the Urban District Councils, it would be preferable that each Urban District which distress may be apprehended should have a Committee of its own, and for this which distress may be apprehended should have a Committee of its own, and for this strict Councils. The necessity for constituting a separate Committee is one for special insideration by each urban authority, but the Board hope that, at all events, separate committees will be formed for all urban areas of say, over 5,000 in population.

The Cabinet Committee on the Prevention and Relief of Distress have had under consideration questions relating to the organisation of the work and the procedure of the local Committee, and I am directed to acquaint you with their views in regard to these

The primary duty of the Local Committee will be to survey the existing conditions of employment in the locality and to consider what measures might be adopted with a new to preventing distress through lack of employment and alleviating such distress should tunhappily occur.

It is in the highest degree desirable that employers should do all in their power to avert the sudden closing of works, and also that temporary appointments should be made to fill all vacancies caused by the mobilisation of His Majesty's forces.

The Local Committee, including as it will, representatives of Local Authorities, public podies and philanthropic agencies, will comprise amongst its members persons who are intimately acquainted with local industrial conditions, as well as those who have experience in matters such as those with which the Committee will be called upon to deal. It will thus be well equipped for forming an accurate estimate of the situation, and for concerting the measures for the prevention and mitigation of distress. When there are indications that local industries are materially affected and that consequent unemployment may occur, the Committee should inform the Local Government Board.

In the event of distress becoming acute, the Local Committee will be responsible for the co-ordination of all relief agencies in the locality, whether official or voluntary, as well as for the distribution of grants made from the National Fund. For this purpose it will be necessary that the Committee should have a register of assistance afforded by all these agencies, which should be kept in such form as to enable the Committee readily to discriminate between applicants for assistance and to avoid overlapping.

The Board are addressing a communication to the Guardians requesting them to provide the Committee with a list of the persons in receipt of poor relief. Where a Distress Committee under the Unemployed Workmen Act has been constituted, and the Distress Committee have opened a register, a copy of this should be made available. The Committee itself should also keep a register of the persons who receive assistance from the National Fund.

It is not intended that the organisation of the Local Committee should be utilised by persons who have been for a continuous period in receipt of relief, and such persons should be referred back to the Guardians. A copy of a circular letter addressed to Boards of Guardians is enclosed.

With regard to other applicants, it is highly desirable that any relief afforded should take the form of work for wages when it is possible to provide work. In this connection the Local Authority will, of course continue to push on all works already in progress, and it is hoped that where found necessary they will be able to expedite other schemes of public work and thus absorb a considerable amount of labour. In the case of large towns the Distress Committee in co-operation with the Local Authority may also be able to initiate schemes of work by which provision could be made for the more deserving and necessitous provided by Parliament for the purposes of the Unemployed Workmen Act. In areas where there are no distress committees similar schemes of work can, it is hoped, be devised.

The Committee will, of course, take into consideration the powers conferred on urban local authorities by the Act which has just been passed by Parliament for the feeding of school children.

The National Fund will be available for, and generally speaking should be restricted to those cases which for various reasons cannot be dealt with by any of the methods of sassistance above indicated. It may be mentioned that the work of the National Relief Fund will be closely co-ordinated with that of the Cabinet Committee.

The Board have no doubt that the Committee will receive many offers of help for the discharge of the duties to be undertaken, and that the Committee will be able to arrange for a sufficient staff for the performance of their clerical work. It would, of course, be be secured, and in many instances, no doubt, the local authorities may be willing to afford the Committees the assistance of their officers.

I am.

Sir.

Your obedient Servant,

J. E. DEVLIN,

Assistant Secretary.

The Chairman of the County Council,

The Lord Mayor,

The Mayor,

or

The Chairman of the Urban District Council

42142/1914. cellaneous.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT BOARD,

DUBLIN, 10th August, 1914.

SIR

I am directed by the Local Government Board for Ireland to inform you that the Government have constituted a Committee, of which the President of the English Local Government Board is acting as Chairman, to advise on the measures necessary to deal with any distress that may arise in consequence of the war.

It is proposed that there should be a local Committee in each Borough or large Urban District, and in each County exclusive of those areas.

The Board do not apprehend that in the Rural Districts of Ireland there will be any immediate danger of distress arising from a shortage of the food supply, as the harvest promises well; but the working population is the Urban Districts will be in the same position as those in the cities and towns of England in the event of the war continuing for a long period. The interests of town and country are, however, to a great extent bound up together, and on these grounds it is desirable that in the counties, as well as in the cities and towns, there should be an organization in existence to meet any emergency which may arise.

The Board, accordingly, suggest that you should take immediate steps to establish such a Committee, of which you will be Chairman. The Committee should comprise representatives of local authorities, trades unions and philanthropic organizations. It is important that some of the members should be women

The Board consider it would be desirable, especially in the Urban Districts, that schemes for employment should be prepared in advance, which could be put into execution in the event of a serious lack of employment arising.

The Local Government Board will be happy to facilitate the local authorities in the matter, and they understand that the Road Board and the Development Commissioners will be prepared to aid suitable schemes within the scope of their powers.

A national relief fund is about to be organised, and it is intended, should distress arise, that the local distribution of the sums thus made available shall be entrusted to the Committees, over which the Mayors and Chairmen of Councils will preside.

I am, Sir,

Your obedient Servant,

J. E. DEVLIN,

Assistant Secretary.

the Chairman of each
County Council,
Borough Council, and
Urban District Council in Ireland.

0924. (G. 61.) 500. 8, 1914.—A. T. & Co., Ltd.

letter to which they reply. Jouldin,"

Jouldin, and the state of the sta LECKL COVERNMENT ROAGO. County than District Council in Irchard. Union. 51 1 800 S, 1914 J. T. A. St., 516

mote the number and date of each form separate letters; and

Local Government Board, Dublin.

st August, 1914.

I am directed by the Local Government Board for Irland to call attention to their Circular Letter of the 30th June last, enclosing forms for a Return relating to the Blind persons in receipt of institutional relief on atherwise chargeable to the Union on the lat July last; nd to request that you will be good enough to furnish the information required to this Department with as little

l nm,

Sir,

Your obedient Bervant,

Dublin, 30th June, 1914.

No. 34,604/1914.
Miscellaneous.

Sir,

I am directed by the Local Government Board for Ireland to state that they have been asked by the Departmental Committee on the Blind to take steps to obtain, for the assistance of the Committee in their inquiries, returns from Boards of Guardians in Ireland relating to blind persons in receipt of institutional relief, or otherwise chargeable to the several poor law Unions.

The Board consider that the information desired should be obtained for the Committee, and accordingly they direct me to request that they may be furnished, in one of the enclosed forms, with a return relating to the blind persons in receipt of relief in your Union on the 1st July, 1914. They would be glad also to receive, in regard to each person included in the return, the separate particulars indicated in the accompanying form of casepaper. Twenty copies of the form of casepaper are enclosed. Additional copies will be forthwith supplied by the Board upon receiving an application specifying the number required to meet the circumstances of your Union.

It will be observed that the form of return distinguishes between two classes of persons who may be regarded as "blind", the object being to ascertain the number of persons who might be made to some extent self-supporting, as distinguished from the number of those, who, owing to age, infirmity and other causes, in addition to defective vision, could not be made self-supporting.

The first class is intended to include persons who, in the opinion of the medical officer would, if it were not for their defective vision, be capable of employment in any ordinary profession or industry, but who, owing to their defective vision would not be able to become reasonably efficient in any ordinary

profession

profession or industry, without special education or training.

The second class is intended to include persons of defective vision who from age or other causes are not, apart from the defect of vision, capable of training or employment.

With regard to the second class, the Committee suggest that the test for defective vision or "blindness" should be the inability to count fingers at a greater distance than three feet.

Although this test should also be applied to persons included in the first class, that class will not be restricted to persons who are unable to count fingers at a greater distance than three feet, but should include all persons whose vision is so defective that they would not be able to become reasonably efficient in an ordinary profession or industry without special education or training.

For the purpose of classifying the cases and of giving certain of the particulars mentioned in the casepaper it will be necessary to take the opinion of the medical officer who would be concerned with the case (i.e. the medical officer of any institution in which the person is maintained, or the district medical officer in the case of persons in receipt of out-relief).

The Board trust that the return , accompanied by the separate casepapers, can be furnished to them early in the month of July.

I am,

Sir,

Your obedient Servant,

A.R. Barlas

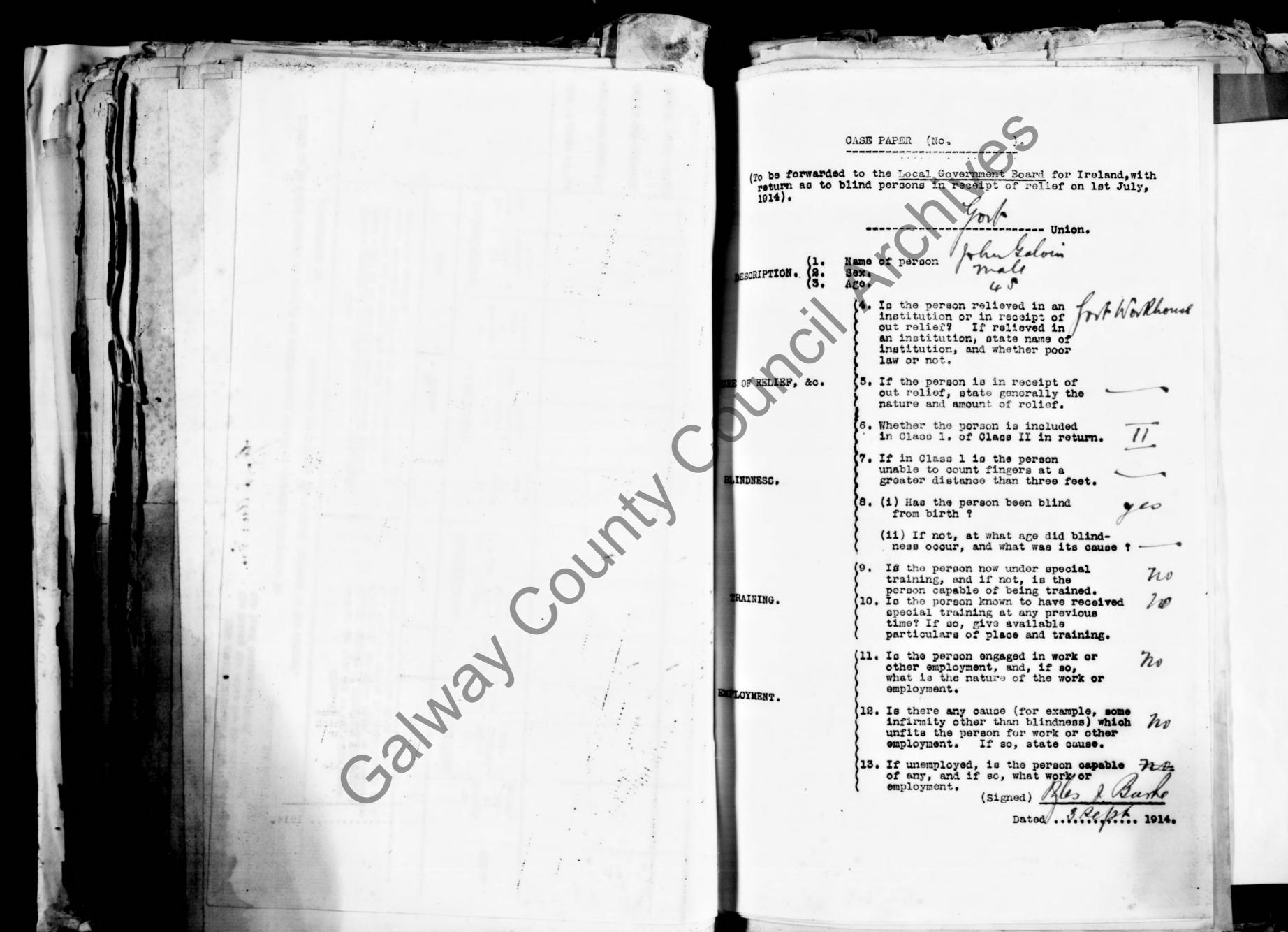
The Clerk of each Union.

Union on let July 1914.

RETURN as to Blind Persons in receipt of institutional rollef or otherwise chargeable to elsting to the persons included in the return).

	gotals I	Ower 50 years of age	ver 25 and under 50.	Over 16 and under 25.	nder 16 years of age	AGES						
	+					2000	(a) (b) Poor Other Lew Institu-	Total total const.	Male.	Xession or Trace	E 5 5 10	(Accompanied by
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	S					1	(a) (b) Poor Other Law. Institu- tions.	In institutions.	Female.		training, or employme that, without special would not be able to in any ordinary pro-	
						-	In receipt of out-		-		yment, ial to	-
S.	\			`			(a) Poor Law	In institutions.		Wale.		
Go. 1.1							(b) Other Institu- tions.	utions.		,,,,,	Persons vare not care not care not care not care not care that the greater	
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Clerk of							In institutions. (a) (b) Poor Other Law. Institutions.			Female.	Class 11 Persons who from ago or any other cause are not capable of education, training, or employment, and whose sight is so defective that they are unable to count fingers at a greater distance than three feet.	
the Union,		+					of Out-		-		cause ing,or defective gers at a	
	-	+					TOTAIS.					

Calman



CASE PAPER (No. (No be forwarded to the Local Government Board for Ireland, with return as to blind persons in receipt of relief on 1st July, 1914). Jove Union. to the person relieved in an institution or in receipt of out relief? If relieved in an institution, state name of institution, and whether poor law or not. 5. If the person is in receipt of Gard 4: well nature and amount of rollef. 6. Whether the person is included in Class 1. of Class II in return. 7. If in Class 1 is the person unable to count fingers at a greater distance than three feet. LINDNESS. 8. (1) Has the person been blind from birth ? (ii) If not, at what age did blindness occur, and what was its cause ? (9. Is the person now under special training, and if not, is the no person capable of being trained.

10. Is the person known to have received TRAINING. no special training at any previous time? If so, give available particulars of place and training. (11. In the person engaged in work or other employment, and, if so, no what is the nature of the work or employment. PLOYMENT. (12. Is there any cause (for example, some infirmity other than blindness) which unfits the person for work or other employment. If so, state cause. (13. If unemployed, is the person capable of any, and if so, what work or employment. (Signed) Dated 13 Sept 1914.

Miscellaneous.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT BOARD, DUBLIN, 1st September, 1914.

No. 46407 : 1914.

Circular.

Boards of Guardians.

I am directed by the Local Government Board for Ireland to refer to their circular letter of the 21st ultimo, in which Boards of Guardians were requested to take every precaution to secure that the wives and other dependants of soldiers and sailors on active duty who apply for relief are referred either to the local branch of the Soldiers' and Sailors' Families Association or to the Local Relief Committee.

The Board fear that it may have been found impossible to deal with some urgent cases otherwise than by affording poor law relief, and I am to state that it has now been decided that the cost of such poor law relief shall be repaid to the Guardians out of the National Relief Fund. The Board would be glad to have, as soon as possible, a list, which should be verified by yourself personally after reference to the Army or Navy Paymasters, of cases, if any, in which dependants of men who have joined the Colours have received poor law relief between the 2nd ultimo and the 2nd instant, and were not previously in receipt of relief, with the amount of relief afforded in each case.

I am further to state that when the repayment of the relief granted has been made this should be credited to the proper accounts, the names of the recipients and all entries identifying them in any way with the receipt of Poor Law Relief should be erased from the records kept by the Guardians, and a statement in the Form below should be immediately forwarded to the recipients of such relief.

I am, Sir,

Your obedient Servant,

J. E. DEVLIN,

Assistant Secretary.

he Clerk to the Guardians.

The Guardians of the

Union direct me

o inform you that the relief granted to you on the*

as been repaid to the Guardians from the Prince of Wales's National Relief Fund. such relief will, therefore, not be treated as Poor Law relief, and all entries showing hat you have received Poor Law relief will be struck out of the records of the Guardians. You may regard yourself, therefore, as having received this assistance rom the Prince of Wales's Fund and not from the Poor Law.

Clerk to the Guardians.

Dated this

day of

, 1914.

* Here insert date or dates on which relief was granted.

(G. 75.) 3, 500. 8/14.—A, T. & Co., Ltd.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT BOARD DUBLEN.

MEMO.

Local Government Board,
Dublin.

ed 17th August p The Confidential Circular dated 17th August preared by the Professional Committee, Home Office, which has been already sent to you, suggests substitutes the drugs mentioned in this Circular, ard trust you will be guided by the infor-

List of surgical dressings of which as little as possible should be requisitioned are as follows:-

149 to 152-Bandages.

157, 163, 182, 183-Muslin and Gauze.

159 to 161-Absorbent Wool.

162-Absorbent Tissue.

166 to 168-Lint.

10971. (G 69.) 1,000. 8. 1914. A. T. & Co., Ltd. 10979. (G 71.) 100. 8. 1914:

Medicines and Surgical Dressings. MEMO. CIRCULAR LETTER TO POOR LAW MEDICAL OFFICERS. LOCAL GOVERNMENT BOARD, DUBLIN, 20th August, 1914, The attention of the Local Government Board for Ireland has been drawn to the fact that difficulty may be experienced by Contractors at the present juncture in keeping their stock up to the normal standard, owing to the fact that many of the drugs are obtained from abroad and that the manufacturers' stock of dressings have been depleted by the requirements of the Military Authorities. The Board would, therefore, impress on Medical Officers the necessity for the exercise of economy, especially as regards the articles mentioned on the enclosed list, and also as regards Surgical dressings. Contractors have been authorised to reduce the demands for any of these articles, where they find it impossible to supply the full amount ordered, having regard to their obligations to other Unions. The Board feel sure that Medical Officers will loyally co-operate in this matter and that they will order as small supplies as possible at present. I am, Sir, Your obedient Servant, J. E. DEVLIN, Assistant Secretary. Medical Officers of each orkhouse and Dispensary District.

LIST OF MEDICINES REFERRED TO IN FOREGOING, OF WHICH AS LITTLE AS POSSIBLE SHOULD BE REQUISITIONED.

NO	ARTICLE.		NO.		ARTICLE.
3	Acidum aceto-salicylicum, B.	PC	011	0.1.	
. 5		1.0.	244	Soda ta	rtarata.
7	,, citricum.		246		omidum.
16			250	a . **.	salicylas (pulvis).
21	,, tartaricum (pulvis).		253	Spiritus	aetheris.
28	Ammonii bromidum.		254	,,	,, nitrosi.
. 34			255	",	ammoniae aromaticus.
43			259	a 1 i'	chloroformi.
53	Chloral hydras.		269	Sulphone	
65	Creosotum.		276	Syrupus.	
83	Extractum ergotae liquidum.		277	"	calcii lactophosphatis.
83	glycyrrhizae liquid	lum	278	,,	chloral.
98	Glycerinum	tum.	279	.,	ferri iodidi.
99	acidi borie.		280	"	., phosphatis.
100		-	281	.,	" phosphatis cum quinina et
101			000		strychnina.
102	boracis.		282	"	pruni virginianae.
103	,, pepsini.		283	**	rhei.
. 105	Hexamethylene-tetramine B.P.	r	284	,,	scillae.
113	Iodoformum (pulvis subtilis).		285	**	sennae.
126	Linum contusum.		286	,,	tolutanus.
143	Liquor formaldehydi B.P.C.		291	**	aurantii.
144	hamamelidis.		294	**	buchu.
146	L.J "		296	***	camphorae composita.
147	" iodi fortis (Lin. Iodi).	Vols.	300	** -	cardamomi composita.
165	Menthol.		301	,,	catechu.
168	Naphthol.		302	**	chloroformi et morphinae com-
169	Oleum amygdalae.				posita.
170			303	"	cinchonae.
171	anatania		304	,,	" composita.
173			306	Tinctura	digitalis.
174	" eucalypti. " lini.		307	**	ergotae ammoniata.
175	manak		310	**	gentianae composita.
176	aliana (anna)		313	**	hyoseyami.
178	-1-1-1		314	**	iodi.
180	4		321	"	nucis vomicae.
183	Oxymel scillae.		322	737	opii.
184	Paraffinum liquidum.		324	"	quininae.
185	molle (flavum).		325	**	", ammoniata.
186	Paraldehydum.		326		rhei composita.
188	Phenacetinum.		327	"	scillae.
189	Phenazonum (antipyrine).		328	- 11 5	senegae.
216	Potassii bicarbonas.		334	Trional.	
217	hannid		340	Trochiscus	santonini (1 grain).
220	indidum.		342	Unguentun	n acidi borici.
221	mitano.		343	,,	,, carbolici.
222			344	**	,, salicyliti.
223	,, permanganas. ,, tartras acidus.		351	**	hydrargyri.
228	,, tartras acidus.		352	**	" ammoniati.
235	" glycyrrhizae compositus Quininae sulphas.		354	,,	" nitratis dilutum.
239	Salicinum.		359	,,	iodoformi.
240	Salol.		365	,,	sulphuris.
241	Santoninum.		367	,,	zinci.
	Santoninum.		370	"	ipecacuanhae.
					The state of the s

URGENT.

Telegrams: "BOILEAU, DUBLIN."

BOILEAU & BOYD,

Wholesale Druggists.
Estd. A.D. 1700.

91, 92 AND 93 BRIDE STREET,

Dublin, 24th August, 1914.

blerka Mila Union

CONTRACT FOR DRUGS, &c.

We regret having to notify you that owing to the outbreak of war and the impossibility of obtaining many Drugs and Chemicals for manufacturing purposes at reasonable prices, we are unable, for the present, to supply at Contract Rates a considerable number of Pharmaceutical Preparations and Chemicals, also some Druggists' Sundries of Continental origin.

We have neither desire nor intention to profit by the regrettable situation now existing, and shall continue to supply at Contract Rates goods which have not, so far, been affected by the war, and resume supplies at the old rates when the goods become again reasonably procurable.

We ourselves have been compelled to pay considerably advanced prices owing to circumstances entirely unforeseen and beyond our control. We therefore ask you to meet us by favourably considering increased charges on such items in your Contract as are particularly affected (see list attached), and would urge economy in ordering articles which are the subject of abnormally enhanced values.

So far, the price of Rectified Spirit has not been advanced. We can therefore continue supplying, with few exceptions, Tinctures and other Spirituous Preparations as heretofore.

We are, Gentlemen,

Yours faithfully,

BOILEAU & BOYD, LTD.

10918. (G. 60.) 3, 1,100. 8/14.—A. T. & Co., Ltd. 10977. (G. 71.) 200. 8/14.

he following articles have advanced in price since the outbreak of the war.

Some articles are rapidly becoming unobtainable.

rid. acetic and acetates

cid. acetylsalicyl and salicylates.

id carbolic and preparations.

cid. citric and salts.

and lactates.

vic and salicylates.

d tartaric and salts.

benzoic (synthetic) and salts.

tanilid, aspirin and all German synthetic preparations.

bromides very much advanced; famine prices not improbable.

ll honeys and oxymels.

starches, arrowroot and foodstuffs.

Belladonna and atropine.

Sismuth and salts.

Camphor and preparations.

Cantharides.

Chip boxes.

Chloral hydrate.

Cocaine and salts.

ream of Tartar and preparations.

rvescent preparations containing sugar, citric acid and tartaric acid.

rgot and preparations.

Formaldehyde.

Gentian root.

Glycerophosphates.

lodine and iodine preparations.

Lard and lanoline.

Magnes. sulphas.

Mercurials.

Ointments made on Lard and Paraf. mol. basis.

Ol. amygd. Ang.

Ol. bergamot.

Ol. camphor. essent.

Ol. lavand. gallic.

Ol. limonis.

Ol. morrhuae.

Ol. olivae.

Ol. ricini.

Opium, opium preparations and opium alkaloids.

Paraffin. liq. and molle alb.

Potass. bicarb.

Potass. carb.

Potass. nitras.

Potass. permang.

Quinine and salts.

Rubber Goods.

Saccharin.

Santonine.

Sodii hyposulph.

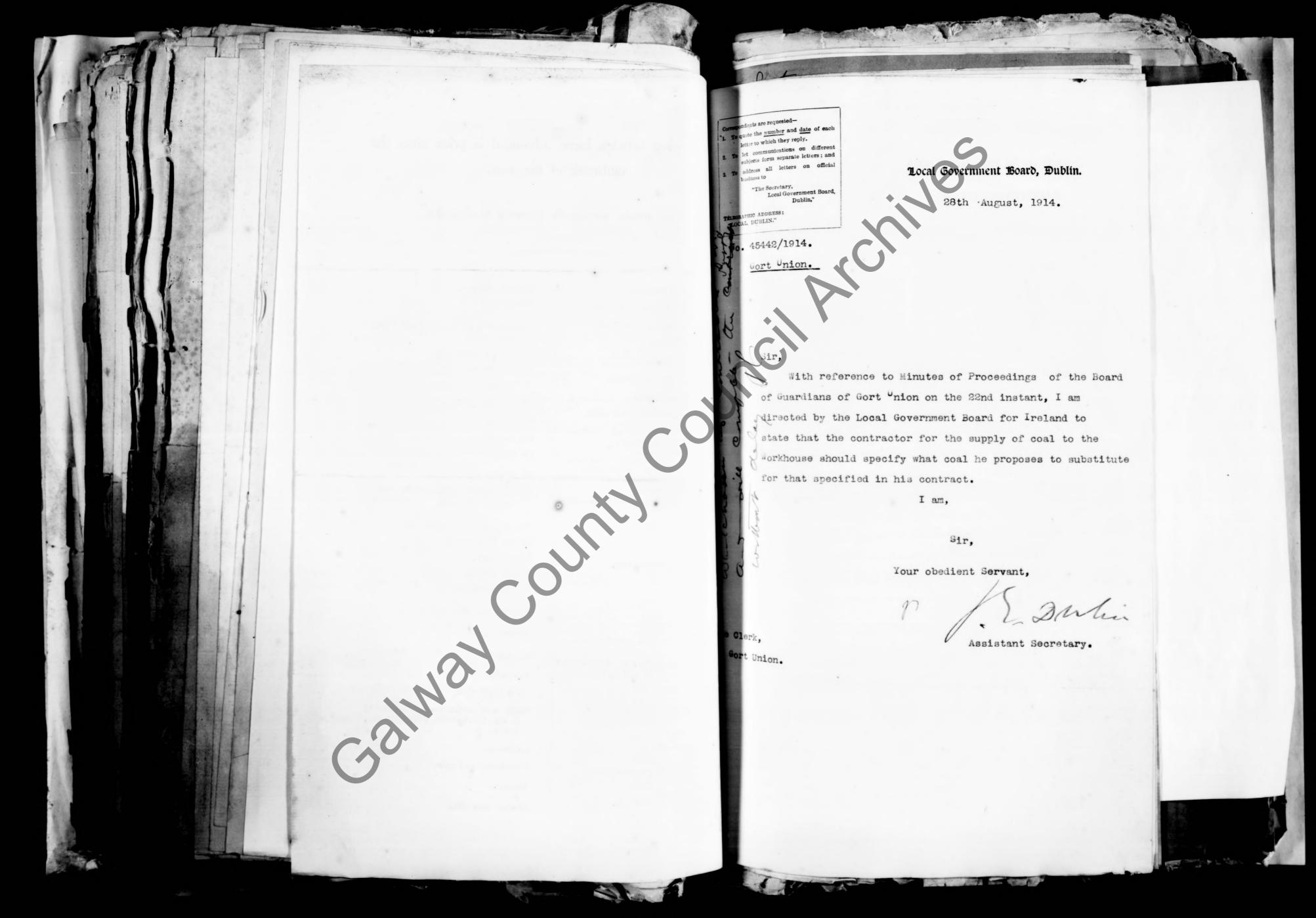
Sugar and preparations containing it, e.g., Confections, Pulv. glyc. co., Syrups, &c.

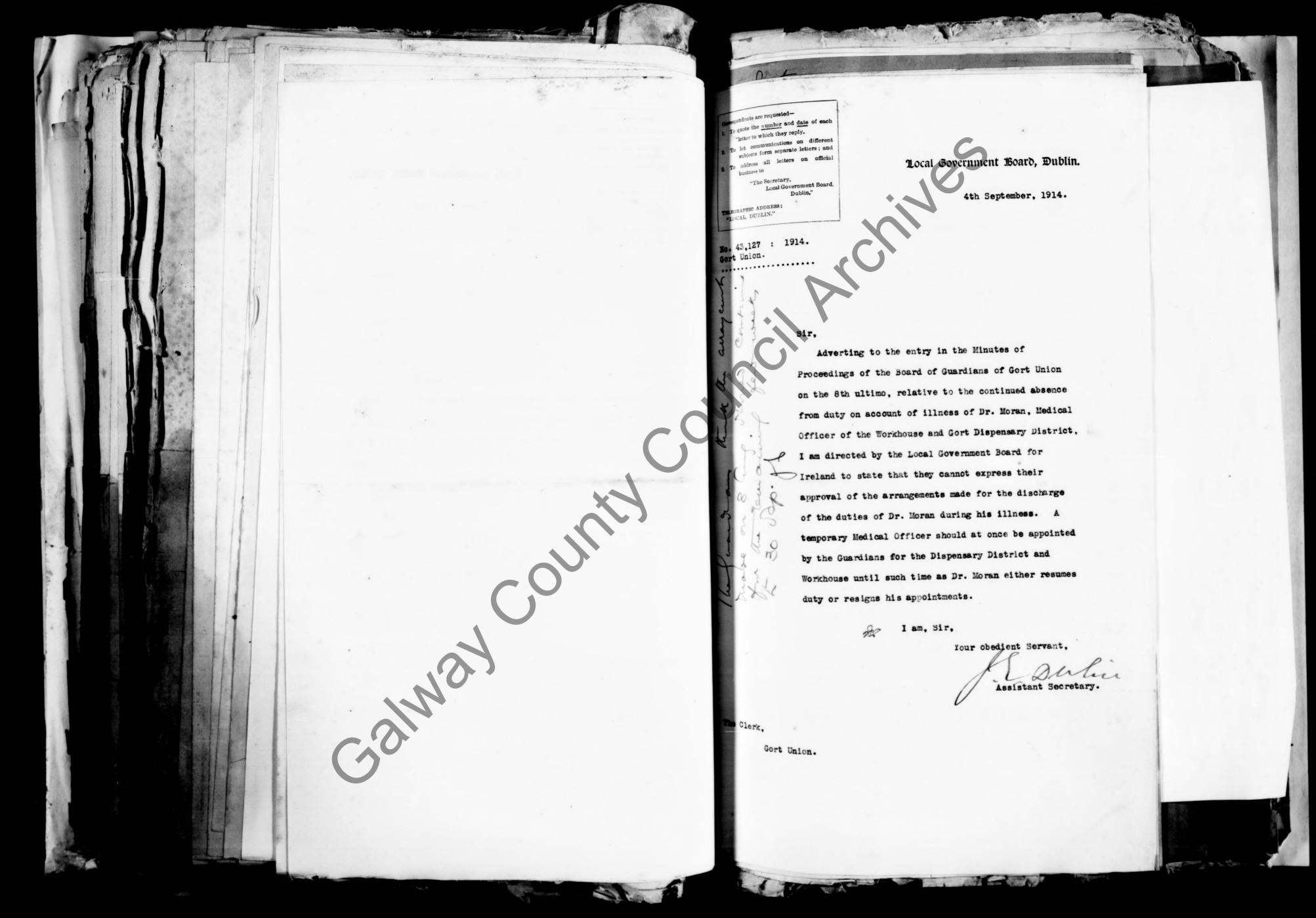
Sulphonal.

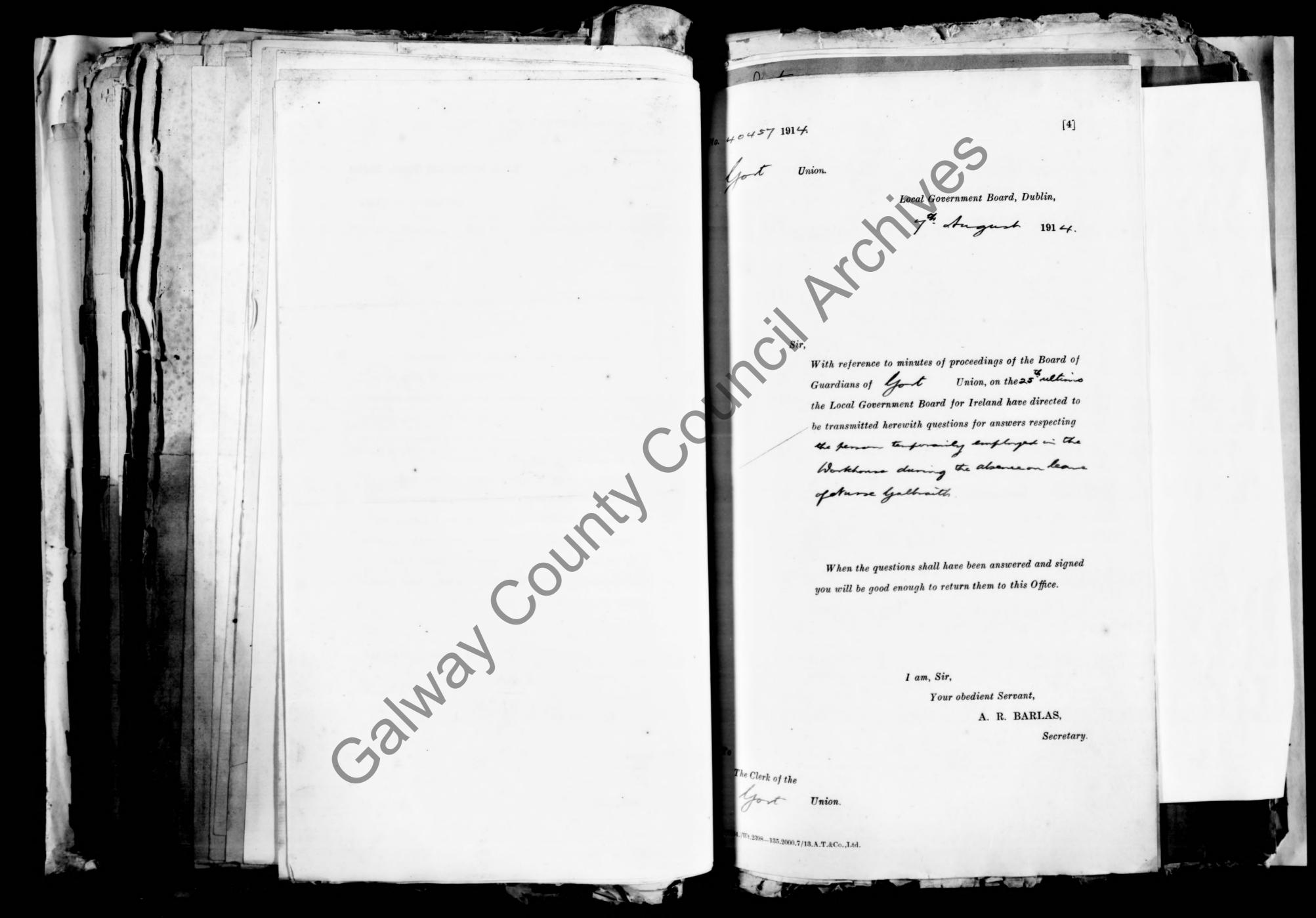
Strychnine and salts.

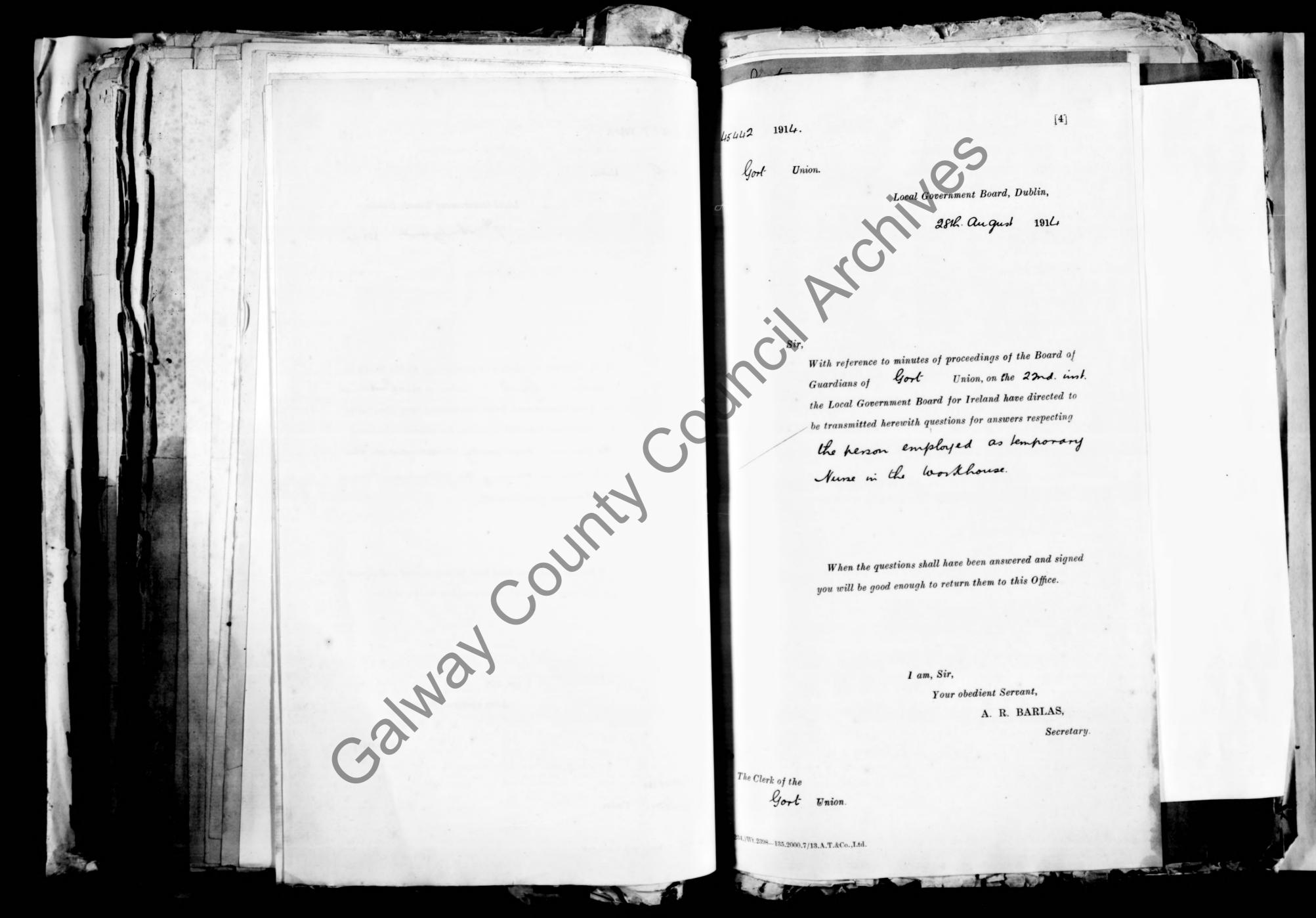
Thymol.

Zincum and salts.

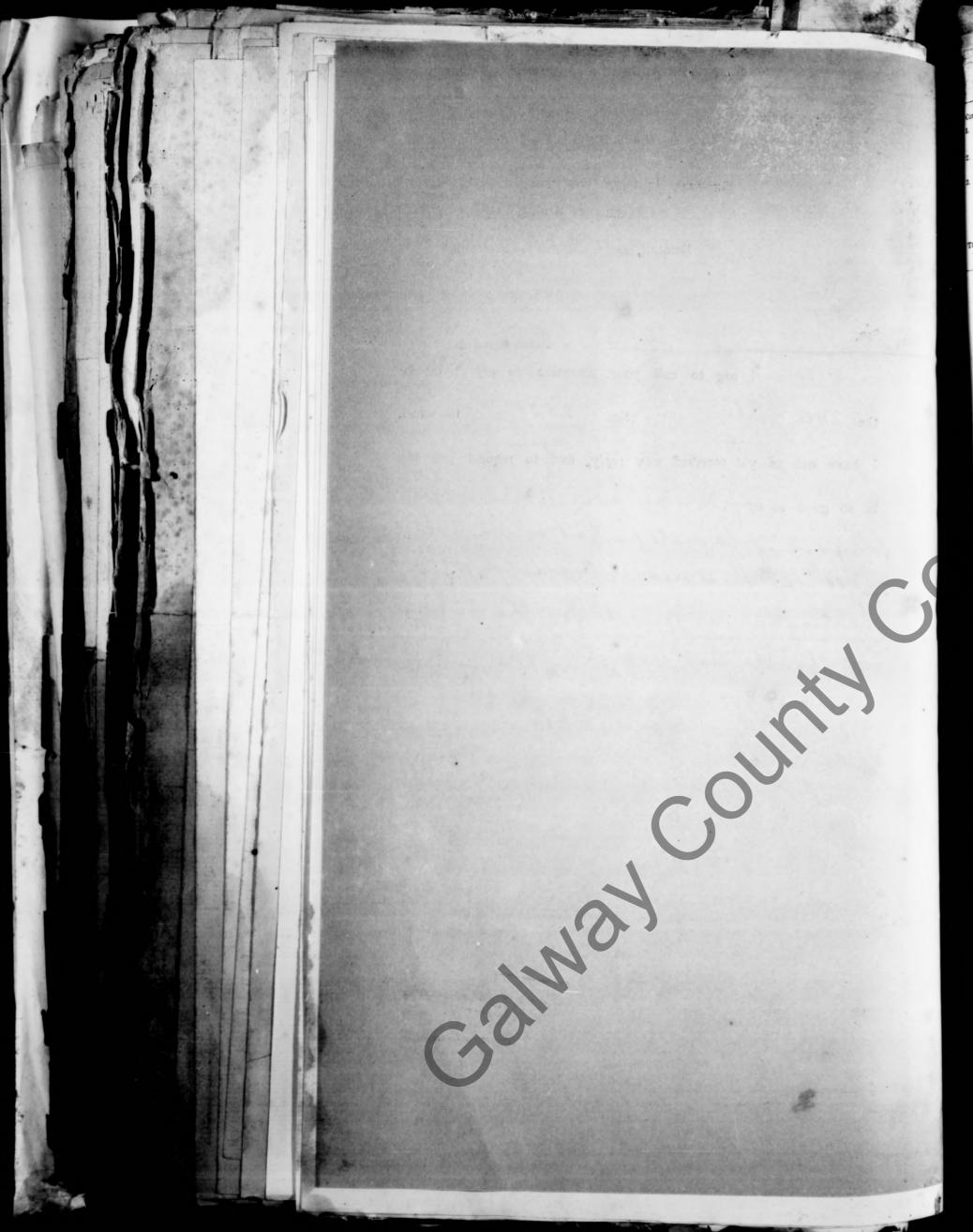








GENERAL REGISTER OFFICE, CHARLEMONT HOUSE,
DUBLIN, 4th September 1914. to call your attention to my letter of No. 2528, I have not as yet received any reply, and to request you will De so good as to furnish me with a report regarding the steps taken in Connection with the proposed introduction of artificial Colluin heating arrangements for the Strong Closet of the Union Register Office. I am, Your obedient Servant, 7t.1094-11/141.3000.5/14.A.T.&Co.,Ltd.



espondents are requested—

To quote the number and date of each letter to which they reply.

To let communications on different subjects form separate letters; and address all letters on official business to

"The Secretary,
Local Government Boar
Dublin,"

ELEGRAPHIC ADDRESS:

No. 45442/1914.

Gort Union.

sir,

Adverting to the entry in the Minutes of Proceedings of the Board of Guardians of Gort Union on the 22nd instant, relative to the application of the contractor for the supply of sugar for use in the Workhouse to have the price fixed by his bond increased in consequence of the outbreak of war, I am directed by the local Government Board for Ireland to state that they are not aware of any provision in the law which would enable the Guardians to accede to the application and relieve the contractor of his obligations.

Local Government Board, Dublin.

I am to observe that apart from the question of legality, the Board consider that such action would, in any case, be at present most undesirable as, owing to the suddenness of the crisis, the market prices of various kinds of food fluctuate from day to day, and some time must elapse before any proper estimate of the true value of these commodities under the altered conditions prevailing can be ascertained.

If, however, on the expiration of the period of contract it can be shown that owing to the outbreak of war any individual contractor has suffered excessive loss, the Board would be prepared to consider favourably any suggestion by which he might in some measure be compensated therefor.

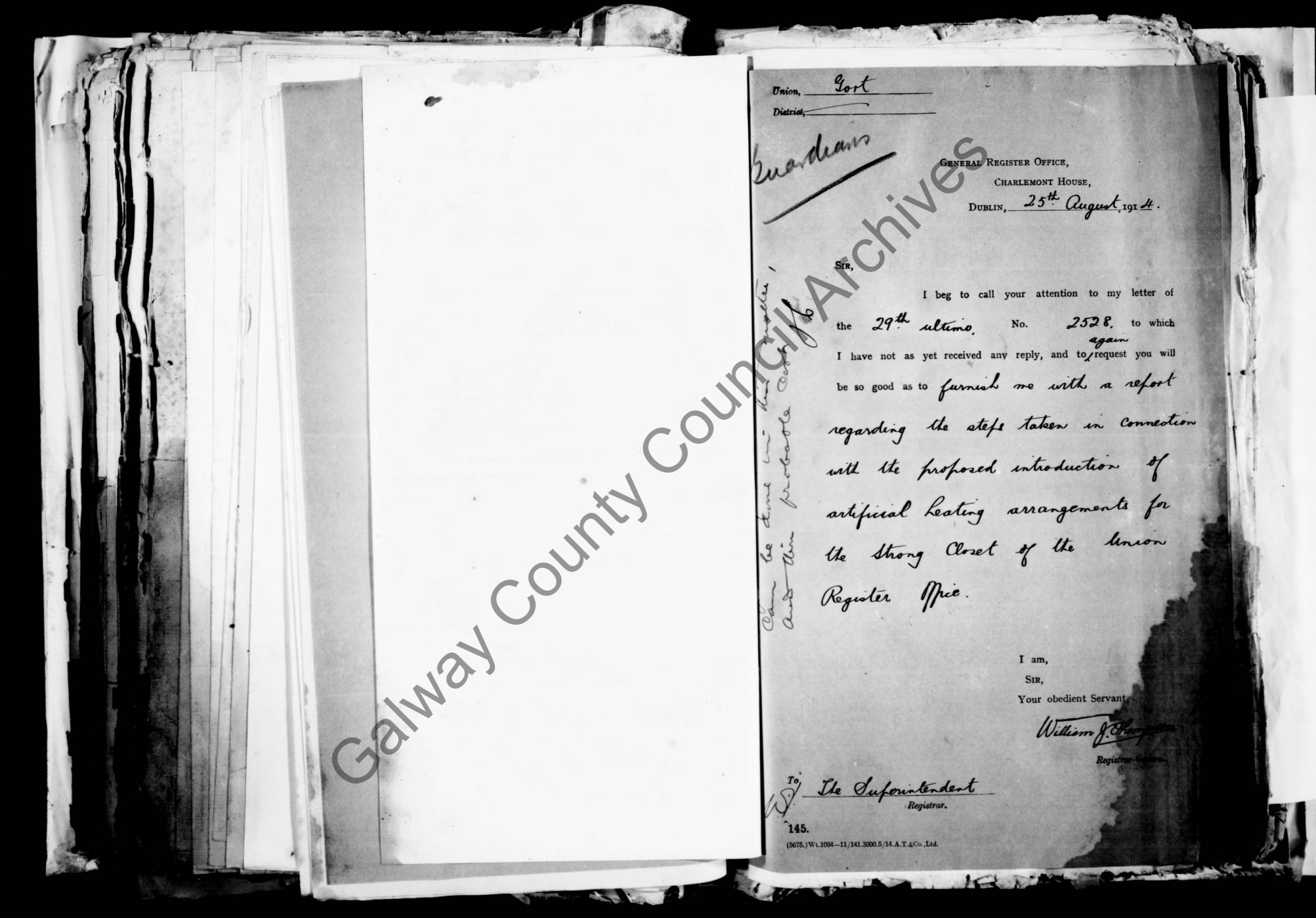
I am, Sir,

Your obedient Servant,

93

Assistant Secretary.

Gort Union.



Circular. Service

Lublin, 9th September, 1914.

Circular

Local Authorities

No. 150 / 1 / 1914.

I am directed by the Local Government Board for Ireland to state that inquiries continue to be addressed to them by Local authorities asking what arrangements they may adopt in the case of any of their employees who join His Majesty's Forces.

The Board are aware that some Local authorities have already decided to give half-pay towards the support of dependants of their employees who have been summoned for Maval or Military

The Board wish it to be understood that not alone in the case of employees who have previously joined his lajesty's Forces, but also in the case of those who now wish to do so, they will raise no objection to leave of absence being given to such employees and to the local authorities making a reasonable payment in respect of wages or salaries to persons authorised by such employees to receive money. Further the Board will assent where necessary to local authorities employing and paying temporary substitutes for officers who are summened er volunteer for Naval and for Military Service.

appended to this letter will be found the arrangements made in the case of Civil Servants on Naval or Military Service.

I am, Sir,

Your obedient Servant,

Secretary as

Secretary of each
County Council.
Town Clerk of each
County Borough.

Clerk of each Urban District Council.

Clerk of the Town Commissioners.
Clerk of each Kural District Council.

Clerk of each Union.

